CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

REPORT PREPARED BY THE CITY OF MOUND FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

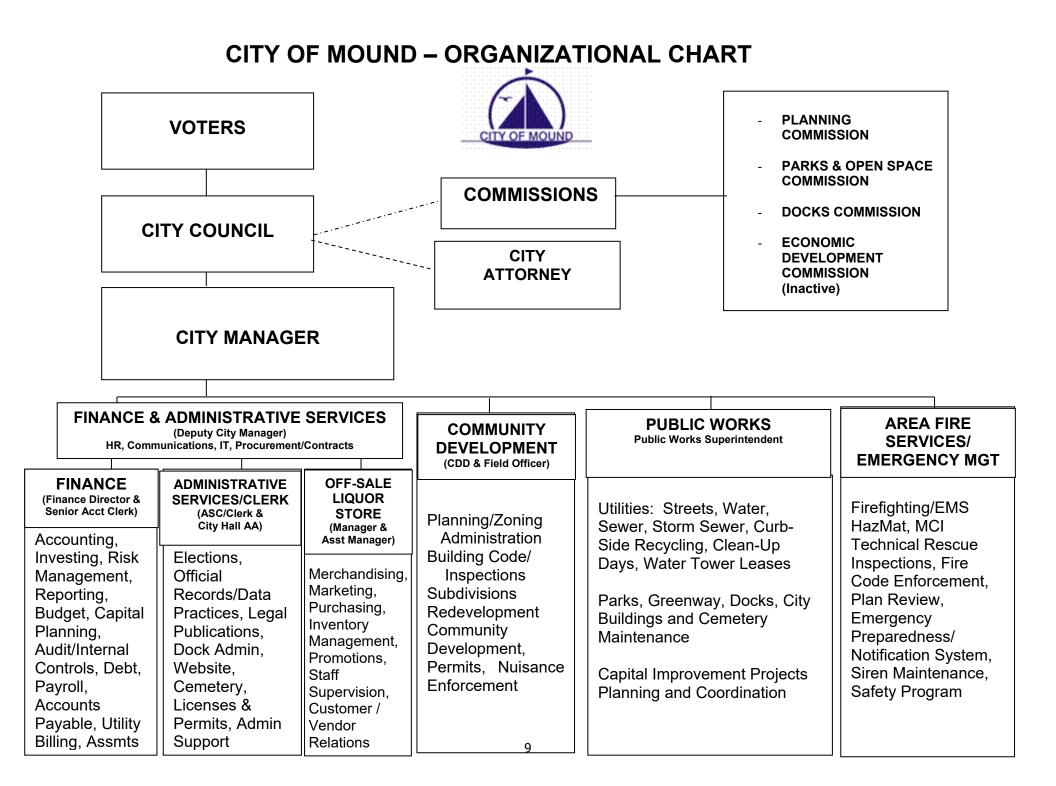
City of Mound, Minnesota Elected and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

ELECTED

Name	Term Expires	Title
Jason Holt	12/31/24	Mayor
Sherrie Pugh	12/31/26	Council Member
Paula Larson	12/31/24	Council Member
Kathy McEnaney	12/31/26	Council Member
Kevin Castellano	12/31/24	Council Member

APPOINTED

Jesse Dickson Maggie Reisdorf Noah Iverson Greg Pederson Sarah Smith Ron Gust Correy Farniok City Manager Deputy City Manager Finance Director Fire Chief Community Development Director Liquor Store Manager Orono Police Chief





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June 3, 2024

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Mound Mound, Minnesota 55364

Mayor and City Council Members, and Citizens of Mound:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the City of Mound for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designated to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

The funds included in our Annual Comprehensive Financial Report are those considered to be within the financial reporting entity of the City of Mound (the primary government) as defined by *Governmental Accounting Standards*. Based on these criteria, all funds of the City are included in this report. However, the Mound Fire Relief Association and Independent School District No. 277 have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity, and accordingly are excluded from this report.

The City provides its residents and businesses a full range of municipal services consisting of police, fire, public works, parks, and general administrative services. The City also operated five enterprises in 2023: a liquor store, water utility, sewer utility, storm water utility, and a curb-side recycling service.

Generally accepted accounting principles requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designated to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Mound's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Mound is a suburb located twenty miles west of the Minneapolis central business district. The City covers an area of 3.18 square miles and its population, according to the 2020 Census, is estimated at 9,398. The most dominant feature of the community is the vast shoreline of Lake Minnetonka which creates a number of bays within the City of Mound.

Mound is considered a fully developed community where urban land uses cover more than 90% of the total land area. The vast majority of the tax base in Mound is residential, approximating 96% of total parcels and 90% of the tax capacity. This provides the City with a stable, but not necessarily a rapidly expanding tax base. With little remaining vacant land in Mound, redevelopment allows opportunities to revitalize areas that are in need of improvement which is important for growing City resources. Mound has three active TIF districts, the most recent TIF district was created in 2017 for a 72-unit assisted living/memory care facility that was constructed on a blighted parcel that used to house a florist shop. All projects proposed or underway are only undertaken if they are consistent with the overall land use and economic development goals of the community.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE YEAR

Major events during 2023 were the following:

- The 15-year total street reconstruction program was completed in 2018 and included Municipal State Aid (MSA) streets as well as repairs to underground sewer and water pipes, as needed. The City continues its robust maintenance plan to extend the life of the new streets. Crack seal and seal coat repairs are completed every 4-9 years and mill and overlay improvements are completed after 20 years.
- In response to the deteriorating conditions of downtown City pavers and sidewalks, an engineering study was conducted in 2021 to map out options for reconstruction. Since 2021, the City has reconstructed nearly \$700,000 in pavers and sidewalks located downtown.
- Each year, the City reconstructs one of its 30 sanitary sewer lift stations. As of 2023, twenty-five of 30 lift stations have been reconstructed. Since 2014, the Metropolitan Council Environmental Services (MCES) and the City have invested over \$40M in cooperative projects in Mound to improve sewer operations.
- In 2021, the City initiated a three-year project to improve the watermain along Lynwood Boulevard. This project involves replacing aging infrastructure that has been susceptible to breakage and ruptures. As of 2023, \$1.410 million has been expended on the project, which is anticipated to conclude in 2024. The City dedicated the entire \$1.039 million in ARPA funding received in 2021 to support this project.
- The municipal liquor operations remained strong in 2023, as sales, gross profit, and income before transfers were consistent with the prior year's impressive results. Sales surpassed \$3.8 million for the fourth year in a row, as the gross profit margin was 28.5% of sales. Liquor operations transferred \$300,000 in 2023 for street maintenance, reducing the burden on the tax base. The budgeted transfers from liquor operations in 2024 is \$360,000, nearly three times the 2018 amount. The liquor store building debt was paid off in 2019, freeing up additional capital for transfers to reduce the levy. The liquor store was named the most profitable municipal liquor store in the Twin Cities' seven-county metro area in 2022 and 2021. This recognition highlights the strong management practices and the store's emergence as a destination for rare products, a vast selection, and friendly, knowledgeable staff.
- The City issued building permits with a total value of improvements of \$43 million, a significant increase from the prior year. Building permit fees totaled \$497K of which \$347K was paid to MNSPECT, the City's contracted building official.
- Recycling programs included leaf dumping offered to residents at a SET compost site in Minnetrista as well as bi-weekly, single-sort, curbside recycling offered to all residents. An organics recycling drop-off site was launched in 2022 and to date 111 households have registered with the program.
- The City continues administration of the storm water utility management plan. Neighborhood storm water projects are completed in compliance with Minnehaha Creek Watershed District mandates as development and reconstruction occur, with occasional stand-alone projects. The City adopted a policy in 2022 that limits its responsibility for lake management to essentially City shoreline stabilization, specifically stating that the discharge of storm water into Lake Minnetonka as "receiving waters" under the City of Mound Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) permit does not establish an inherent obligation of the City to address general lake bottom, navigation, and/or weed conditions throughout the lake.
- The City completed a Comprehensive Plan health check to re-examine the desired densities for new developments. In January of 2024, the City completed an amendment to the 2040 Mound Comprehensive Plan to more clearly articulate the community's vision for growth and development. The revised vision acknowledges that the community is fully developed and that future growth will primarily come from infill development that is at the property owner's initiative. The primary area of change in the amendment was related to the mixed use land use category. Mixed use is meant to support a variety of uses, including commercial, public, and residential (townhomes, row houses and existing multifamily apartments). The City has almost 69 acres of mixed use designated area, with the largest areas focused along Shoreline Drive and Commerce Boulevard. In the amendment, the City changed the allowable new residential uses from apartments to only townhouses or rowhouses.

- The Fire Department purchased the 2023 Pierce Pumper Enforcer Fire Truck for \$674,554. The truck will be the primary first engine used on fire calls.
- In December 2021, the Minnesota Department of Agriculture identified Emerald Ash Borer activity throughout all geographical regions of Mound. Emerald Ash Borer larvae kill Ash trees by tunneling under the bark and feeding on the part of the tree that supplies nutrients within the trunk. The City received a grant in 2022 of \$75,000 to partially mitigate the cost of the infestation, however, the actual cost has surpassed the grant received and will continue to require funding for the foreseeable future.
- The City contracted with Ehlers Public Finance Advisors to study the Dock Fund and to restructure revenues to align with the demands of the fund. Principally, projections indicated that without adjustments to user rates in 2024, the fund would face a negative balance by 2027 due to operational inflation and Emerald Ash Borer's devastation of Ash trees. With the insights provided by Ehlers' analysis, the City developed user rate guidelines for the next decade to accommodate inflationary pressures and the expenses related to the Emerald Ash Borer infestation.
- Since its inception in 2023, the Communication Committee has been proactive in implementing various initiatives to enhance the City's communication with its stakeholders. The Committee created a social media presence with Facebook and YouTube and will continue to evaluate other platforms. The City's newsletter was redesigned and updated while continuous improvements are being made to the City's website and the City's logo was modernized.
- Lifestyle Communities broke ground on a 52-unit cooperative living community in the heart of downtown with the remainder of the space to be dedicated as a public park and event gathering space.
- The City Council approved the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) and recommended the funding support local senior services and the Westonka Community Action Network.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FUTURE

The City has contracted with Ehlers Public Finance Advisors to develop a Long-Term Financial Management Plan (FMP) and to complete a Utility Rate Study (URS). The FMP will act as a strategic guide for the City's financial decisions in the coming decade, addressing critical issues like inflation, extensive infrastructure requirements, and the potential loss of additional Local Government Aid. The URS will study water and sewer operations. The goal of the URS is to outline a plan for eliminating the water fund's deficit cash balance, determine whether the usage for ratepayers is equitable to the fee assessed, assure that base rate fees cover fixed costs to the systems, and develop an effective rate structure to meet the City's objectives.

With the completion of the 15-year total street reconstruction projects in 2018, mill and overlay projects are scheduled to start up in 2025. Other Public Works projects include park improvements, storm water drainage improvements, inflow/infiltration and manhole remediation, sanitary sewer lift station reconstruction, watermain replacement, and completion of a wellhead protection plan in accordance with state and federal regulations. Finally, the City is in the process of inventorying all water service lines to satisfy the Environmental Protection Agency's lead and copper rule revisions as administered by the Minnesota Department of Health.

The Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) began testing for manganese in municipal water supplies in 2020 and elevated levels of manganese greater than the MDH recommended health advisory guideline level was found. The City Council approved a study to develop alternatives to mitigate the issue as well as an application for state and federal funding to pay for a water treatment facility. The estimated cost for the water treatment facility is \$36 million and would remove iron and manganese from our source water. The State of Minnesota approved \$10.3 million in funding as part of the 2023 bonding bill and \$959,752 was approved in federal funding from congressionally directed spending. The City plans to reapply for additional funding from both the state and federal levels in future years.

SPECIFIC FOCUS - PROPERTY VALUES, TAXES, AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT AID

The City's tax base comprises 4,474 parcels, predominantly residential, accounting for approximately 96% of the total parcels and contributing 90% of the City's tax capacity. Within the residential category, two important distinctions exist: off-lake and on-lake residential properties. Although both are subject to the same tax rates, valuations differ, as evidenced by tax capacity. Lakeshore residential properties constitute 23% of the City's parcels and contributing 42% of the tax capacity. In contrast, non-lakeshore residential properties represent 73% of the City's parcels, contributing 42% of the tax capacity. Commercial tax base within Mound is small, consisting of only 2% of the parcels and representing 5% of tax capacity, with miscellaneous classifications making up the remaining portions.

Similar to other communities, Mound has experienced notable growth in residential property values. The median value of a single family residential home in Mound has risen to \$367,100, an increase from \$274,000 in 2021. The average valuation of a lakeshore property is \$1.11 million, up from \$768K in 2021. Overall, Mound's five year cumulative growth in single family residential home values is 62.1% outpacing our neighboring cities and the highest in Hennepin County.

From 2010 to 2014, the City experienced a 34% reduction in tax capacity due to the impact of the Great Recession. Responding to the economic downturn, the City implemented cost-saving measures, limiting the average overall levy increase to 1.11% from 2011 to 2020. In part due to increasing property values, the City saw a decrease of \$93K in Local Government Aid (LGA) in 2021, equivalent to 1.49% of the previous year's levy. Subsequently, in 2023, the City faced an additional loss of \$145K in LGA and will lose an another \$94K in LGA funding in 2024. The annual decline in LGA since 2021 represents 5.3% of the 2020 levy.

In response to the combined impacts of declining LGA, historic inflation, and infrastructure requirements, the City raised the levy by 5% in 2021, 2022, and 2023, which was outpaced by cumulative inflation. With persistent inflation, mill and overlay street projects slated to begin in 2025, and the cumulative loss in LGA, the City increased the levy by 11.66% in 2024.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits; 2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. It is our belief that the City's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard the City's assets and also provide reasonable assurance of properly recording financial transactions.

In 2011, the City of Mound adopted a Fund Balance Policy in order to comply with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54: Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. It is the City's general guideline to maintain an unassigned General Fund balance, also referred to as the "minimum fund balance", of not less than 20% of budgeted operating expenditures which the City has been consistently able to exceed.

The primary financial goal of the City investment policy is to ensure the safety of the principal invested by the City. Cash temporarily idle during the year is invested in certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and obligations of the U.S. Treasury and government agencies. The City only invests in instruments that are authorized under Minnesota Statute 118A. The City of Mound subscribes to the "pooled cash" concept of investing, which means that all operating funds with cash balances participate in an investment pool. This permits some funds to be overdrawn and other funds to show cash balances while the City maintains a positive cash balance overall. This pooled cash concept provides for investing greater amounts of money at more favorable rates. Interest earnings are then allocated to the participating funds.

Capital financing for major municipal improvements is provided through reserves, improvement bonds, general obligation bonds, tax increment bonds, and/or revenue bonds. Depending on the project, special assessments may be levied upon properties to share in the cost of the improvement project. The special assessments are collected over a period of time and are used to help satisfy the improvement bond debt. The City Council sets the terms and conditions of any inter-fund loans or advances, including the rate of interest to be charged. Inter-fund loans were approved between the Dock Fund and General Fund to the TIF 1-3 debt service fund due to the insufficient TIF which

resulted from the recession and corresponding delay in redevelopment. Inter-fund loans between the governmental funds and utility funds in the form of year-end adjustments to offset negative cash balances allow the City to manage pressure on utility rates while continuing utility infrastructure improvements.

The City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. Activities of the general and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the change in fund balance level as often overages in expenditures are offset by favorable revenues.

In addition, the City engages in long-term financial planning. The City Council approved a ten-year capital improvement plan in 2018 which is reviewed annually on a rolling basis. Debt service payments started to decline dramatically in 2023 and the plan is to maintain a steady levy and build reserves in order to reduce future reliance on debt and special assessments. As previously stated, a more rigorous update will take place in 2024 as many of the original assumptions are being challenged.

The City of Mound's risk management policy centers around the worker's compensation insurance and its general property and liability coverage provided through the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT). The LMCIT worker's compensation program is a joint self-insurance plan, designed to lower and stabilize cities' workers compensation costs and to assure that cities have a source of coverage available. Each participating City deposits with the LMCIT its worker's compensation deposit premiums for the policy year. The deposit premiums are calculated using standard manual rates with the applicable volume discounts and experience modification factor. From these deposits, LMCIT purchases reinsurance to protect the program from catastrophic and abnormal payment claims. LMCIT's reserves and rates are reviewed annually by an actuary to help assure that the program remains financially strong.

In 2016, the City Council authorized staff to no longer apply for the Government Finance Officer's Association's Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting award. The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report will continue to be prepared in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States and the City will continue to pay for an independent audit where the auditors express an opinion on the fairness, in all material respects, of the financial position of the government and business-type activities. The goal of the certificate program is not to assess the financial health of participating governments, but rather to ensure that users of their financial statements have the information they need to do so themselves. In recent years, new GASB pronouncements have led to additional costs in order to comply and the City will be weighing those costs with the relevance and value of the resulting information and implement GASB pronouncements selectively as a result, thereby disqualifying it from the certificate program.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

Minnesota statutes require an annual audit of the City's accounts by the Minnesota Office of the State Auditor or by independent certified public accountants. The auditor's report on the financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report.

The independent certified public accountant will issue a management and compliance letter covering the examination of the City of Mound's system of internal controls and compliance with applicable legal provisions. The management and compliance letter will not modify or affect this report or the financial statements in any way.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the cooperation of the entire staff of the Finance and Administrative Services Department, the cooperation of the City departments, the support of the Mayor, the City Council, the City Manager, the Deputy City Manager, and with the assistance of the independent auditors.

Respectfully submitted, Noah Iverson

Noah Iverson Finance Director

FINANCIAL SECTION

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Mound, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mound, Minnesota (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Qualified
Business-type Activities	Qualified
General Fund	Qualified
Governmental Fund Debt Service	Unmodified
Governmental Fund Area Fire Service	Unmodified
Governmental Fund Capital Improvements	Unmodified
Enterprise Fund Liquor	Qualified
Enterprise Fund Water	Qualified
Enterprise Fund Sewer	Qualified
Enterprise Fund Storm Water	Qualified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinions

The City has not adopted GASB Statement No. 87, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Leases, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions, and GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, for the Public Employee Retirement Association nor the pension amounts related to the Volunteer Fire Department Relief Association, in the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major proprietary fund and, accordingly, has not shown activity related to this standard. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that pension liabilities and balances be shown, which would report deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities or assets, while changing the net position in the applicable statements.

Qualified Opinions

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinions", the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major proprietary fund of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major governmental fund and the aggregate remaining fund information with the exception of the General fund of the City as of December 31, 2023, and the budgetary comparisons for the Area Fire Service fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed qualified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major proprietary fund in our report dated June 1, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein for the respective proprietary fund financial statements as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, other financial information, and statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Abdo Minneapolis, Minnesota June 3, 2024



Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of Mound, Minnesota, (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$49,497,476 (net position). Of this amount, \$6,735,476 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$4,195,746. Governmental activities accounted for \$2,747,528 of the total increase in net position while business-type activities increased by \$1,448,218. The governmental activities increase was mainly due to favorable tax receipts, including \$411,697 in a one-time public safety aid provided by the State of Minnesota, and an increase in investment income due to rising rates. The business activities increase was primarily due to strong sales in off-sale municipal liquor store operations, federal grants provided by the American Rescue Plan Act, and an increase in utility charges for services.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,219,620, a decrease of \$210,947 from prior year. The decrease is mainly attributed to a purchase of a fire truck in the amount of \$675,554 and debt service. Approximately 24% or \$3,394,334 of the total combined ending fund balance is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance for the General fund was \$3,646,446, or 62.1% of total General fund expenditures; some of which has been assigned for specific purposes as noted in the basic financial statements.
- The City's total bonded debt decreased \$4,970,463 or 12.9% during the current fiscal year.
- The City's investment income totaled \$400,458, compared to \$129,343 in prior year. Unfortunately, much of the gains in investment income were offset by continued historic inflation on goods and services.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that provide details about nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

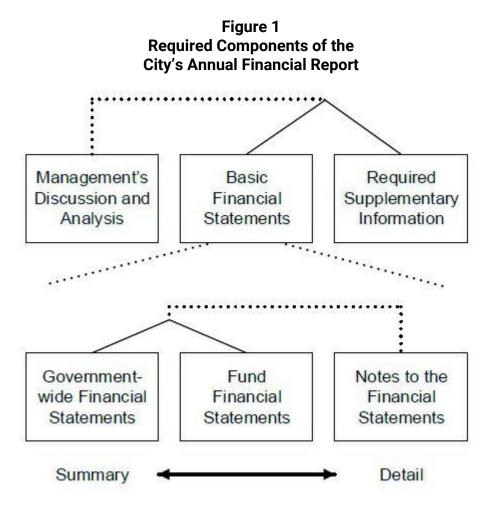


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statements					
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds				
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire and parks	Activities the City operates similar to private businesses, such as the water and sewer system				
Required financial statements	 Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities 	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statements of Net Position Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Statements of Cash Flows 				
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus				
Type of deferred outflows/inflows of resources information	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and deferred inflows of resources that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All deferred outflows/inflows of resources, regardless of when cash is received or paid				
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term				
Type of in flow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid				

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, housing and economic development and interest on long-term debt. The business-type activities of the City include municipal liquor, water, sewer, recycling, and storm water.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Housing and Redevelopment Authority for which the City is financially accountable. The Housing and Redevelopment Authority, although legally separate, functions for all practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 38 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains numerous individual governmental funds, many of which are Debt Service funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General fund, the Debt Service fund, Area Fire Service fund and Capital Improvement fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements or schedules* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund and for its special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund and Area Service Fund. The budgetary comparison statements for the two other special revenue funds are provided elsewhere in this report to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 42 of this report.

Proprietary Fund. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its municipal liquor, water, sewer, recycling and storm water. The City does not use *internal service funds*.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the enterprise funds which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements start on page 48 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 53 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules start on page 78 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$49,497,476 at the close of the most recent fiscal year as shown in the Summary of Net Position below.

The City's net position in capital assets reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities				
			Increase			Increase		
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	2023	2022	(Decrease)		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 17,802,802	\$ 17,840,218	\$ (37,416)	\$ (1,447,082)	\$ (58,351)	\$ (1,388,731)		
Capital assets	33,307,766	33,170,885	136,881	35,751,487	35,427,339	324,148		
Total Assets	51,110,568	51,011,103	99,465	34,304,405	35,368,988	(1,064,583)		
Liabilities								
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	11,577,561	14,413,712	(2,836,151)	22,371,313	24,524,963	(2,153,650)		
Other liabilities	1,199,622	1,011,534	188,088	769,001	1,128,152	(359,151)		
Total Liabilities	12,777,183	15,425,246	(2,648,063)	23,140,314	25,653,115	(2,512,801)		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	24,065,317	21,756,632	2,308,685	14,404,734	12,564,557	1,840,177		
Restricted	4,291,949	4,268,616	23,333	-	-	-		
Unrestricted	9,976,119	9,560,609	415,510	(3,240,643)	(2,848,684)	(391,959)		
Total Net Position	\$ 38,333,385	\$ 35,585,857	\$ 2,747,528	\$ 11,164,091	<u>\$ 9,715,873</u>	\$ 1,448,218		

City of Mound's Summary of Net Position

The restricted portion of the City's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

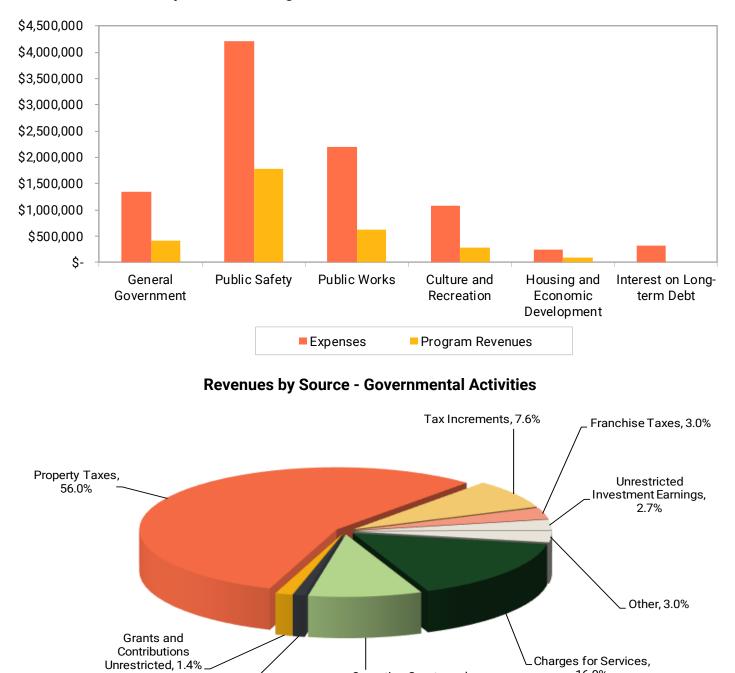
The City's *net investment in capital assets* represents 77.7% of net position. An additional portion of the City's net position (8.7%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (13.6%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities' net position increased by \$2,747,528, accounting for 65.5% of the growth in the City's net position. Increased investment earnings and a one-time public safety aid offset the loss in Local Government Aid and inflationary pressures on operations. Additional factors contributing to this change are illustrated below and on the following page.

	Go	vernmental Activi	ties	Business-type Activities						
			Increase			Increase				
	2023	2022	(Decrease)	2023	2022	(Decrease)				
Revenues										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 1,943,855	\$ 1,902,435	\$ 41,420	\$ 9,169,648	\$ 8,910,228	\$ 259,420				
Operating grants										
and contributions	1,134,027	679,431	454,596	18,642	18,661	(19)				
Capital grants and										
contributions	119,178	169,328	(50,150)	113,640	-	113,640				
General revenues										
Property taxes/tax increments	7,744,097	7,619,480	124,617	360,000	180,000	180,000				
Franchise taxes	370,841	381,925	(11,084)	-	-	-				
Grants and contributions										
not restricted to										
specific programs	168,842	313,146	(144,304)	344,609	332,432	12,177				
Investment earnings	333,902	107,679	226,223	66,556	21,664	44,892				
Gain on sale										
of capital assets	70,466	5,392	65,074	7,189	-	7,189				
Total Revenues	11,885,208	11,178,816	706,392	10,080,284	9,462,985	617,299				
Expenses										
General government	1,353,093	1,200,506	152,587	-	-	-				
Public safety	4,213,678	4,199,967	13,711	-	-	-				
Public works	2,203,860	2,029,199	174,661	-	-	-				
Culture and recreation	1,086,106	865,711	220,395	-	-	-				
Housing and										
economic development	254,309	257,316	(3,007)	-	-	-				
Interest on long-term debt	326,634	404,256	(77,622)	-	-	-				
Water	-	-	-	2,014,321	1,879,319	135,002				
Sewer	-	-	-	2,274,120	2,250,749	23,371				
Municipal liquor	-	-	-	3,468,709	3,409,989	58,720				
Recycling	-	-	-	249,577	251,464	(1,887)				
Storm water	-	-	-	325,339	333,180	(7,841)				
Total Expenses	9,437,680	8,956,955	480,725	8,332,066	8,124,701	207,365				
Increase in Net										
Position Before Transfers	2,447,528	2,221,861	225,667	1,748,218	1,338,284	409,934				
Transfers - Internal Activities	300,000	250,000	50,000	(300,000)	(250,000)	(50,000)				
Change in Net Position	2,747,528	2,471,861	275,667	1,448,218	1,088,284	359,934				
Net Position, January 1	35,585,857	33,113,996	2,471,861	9,715,873	8,627,589	1,088,284				
Not Position December 21	\$ 38,333,385	\$ 35,585,857	\$ 2,747,528	¢ 11 164 001	\$ 9,715,873	¢ 1110010				
Net Position, December 31	<i>Ა Ა</i> Ტ,ᲐᲐᲐ,ᲐᲢᲔ	\$ 30,000,007	<u>\$ 2,747,528</u>	\$ 11,164,091	ه/ ٥,٥١٦,٣ د	\$ 1,448,218				

City of Mound's Changes in Net Position

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities

Capital Grants and _

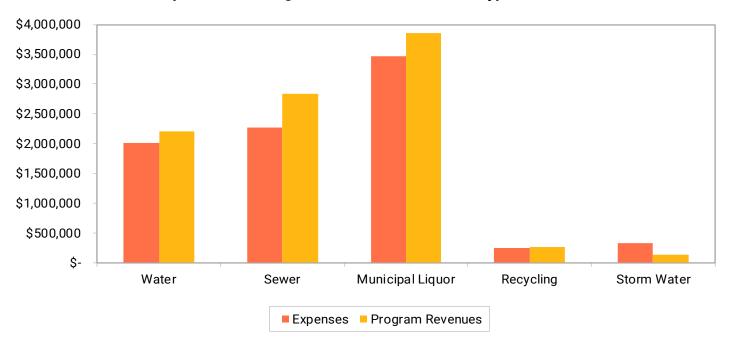
Contributions, 1.0%

Operating Grants and

Contributions, 9.3%

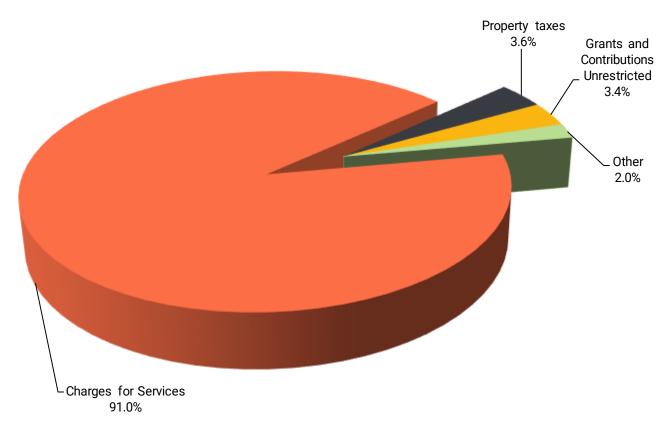
16.0%

Business-type Activities. Business-type activities' net position increased during the year by \$1,448,218 accounting for 34.5% of the growth in the City's net position. Strong liquor sales, increased utility rates, and property taxes in the Sewer fund contributed to the gain in fund balance. Additional factors contributing to this change are illustrated below.



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The table below outlines the governmental fund balances for the year ending December 31, 2023.

	 General	Debt Service								Capital Improvements		Other Governmental Funds		Total		Prior Year Total		Increase/ (Decrease)	
Fund Balances																			
Nonspendable	\$ 9,576	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	7,084	\$	16,660	\$	684,158	\$	(667,498)				
Restricted	411,697	4,3	396,546		-		-		553,908		5,362,151		5,601,447		(239,296)				
Assigned	252,112		-		400,653	2,	041,957	:	2,751,753		5,446,475		5,240,893		205,582				
Unassigned	3,394,334		-		-		-		-		3,394,334		2,904,069		490,265				
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,067,719	\$4,3	396,546	\$	400,653	\$2,	041,957	\$:	3,312,745	\$ 1	4,219,620	\$ 1	14,430,567	\$	(210,947)				

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,219,620 as shown above. Governmental funds combined fund balance decreased by \$210,947 primary due to a purchase of a new fire truck (\$675,554) and debt service. Additional information on the City's fund balances can be found in Note 1 starting on page 53 of this report.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund increased by \$713,649 as shown below. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. The total unassigned fund balance as a percent of total fund expenditures is shown in the chart below along with total fund balance as a percent of total expenditures.

	-	Current Year Ending Balance		Prior Year ling Balance	ncrease/ Decrease)
General Fund Fund Balances			_		
Nonspendable	\$	9,576	\$	1,360	\$ 8,216
Restricted		411,697		-	411,697
Assigned		252,112		407,909	(155,797)
Unassigned		3,394,334		2,944,801	 449,533
Total General Fund Balances	\$	4,067,719	\$	3,354,070	\$ 713,649
General Fund expenditures Unassigned as a percent of expenditures Total fund balance as a percent of expenditures	\$	5,865,983 57.9% 69.3%	\$	5,206,214 56.6% 64.4%	

The fund balance of the City's General fund increased during the current fiscal year as shown in the table above. The increase in fund balance was due to favorable variances from budget related to intergovernmental and investment revenues.

Other major governmental fund analysis is shown below:

	De	ecember 31, 2023	December 31, 2022	Increase (Decrease)
Debt Service fund	\$	4,396,546	5,057,235	(660,689)
The Debt Service fund balance decreased as the City reduced the debt s used fund balance to pay for regularly scheduled principal and interest			le	
Area Service Fire Service fund	\$	400,653	943,048	(542,395)
The Area Service Fire fund balance decreased during the year due				
to a purchase of a fire truck.				
Capital Improvements fund	Ş	2,041,957	2,220,349	(178,392)
Capital Improvements fund balance decreased as the City used fund				
balance to pay for capital improvements that exceeded levy revenue.				

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net position of the City's proprietary funds increased or (decreased) as follows:

	Ending Net Position 2023	Ending Net Position 2022	Increase/ (Decrease)
Municipal Liquor Store The gross profit from sales remained strong in 2023, mirroring the results in 2022. The rise in operating expenses caused by inflation was counte by an increase in investment earnings allowing the City to increase the transfer out of liquor profits.		\$ 2,164,334	\$ 119,311
Water Utility Increases in utility revenue and capital contributions helped mitigate the in operational costs. Water utility rates were increased by 3% in 2023.	3,765,386 ncrease in	3,232,960	532,426
Sewer Utility Increases in utility revenue, property tax, capital contributions, and investr earnings outpaced the increase in operational expenses. Sewer utility rates were increased by 3% in 2023.	5,433,025 ment	4,464,070	968,955
Recycling The fund balance grew as an operating grant from Hennepin County and increased investment earnings balanced out the loss on operations.	266,185	253,861	12,324
Storm Water Utility Storm utility charges are insufficient to cover depreciation and debt service resulting in a decline in fund balance.	(584,150)	(399,352)	(184,798)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

	Final			
	Budgeted	Actual	Variance with	
	Amounts	Amounts	Final Budget	
			0	
Revenues	\$ 5,964,419	\$ 7,208,590	\$ 1,244,171	
Expenditures	5,420,430	5,865,983	(445,553)	
·	· · · · ·	i		
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	543,989	1,342,607	798,618	
		i		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	-	
Sale of capital assets	-	50,113	50,113	
Transfers out	(979,071)	(979,071)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(679,071)	(628,958)	50,113	
3			·	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(135,082)	713,649	848,731	
5				
Fund Balances, January 1	3,354,070	3,354,070		
		-,,-,-,-		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,218,988	\$ 4,067,719	\$ 848,731	
	, .,			

The City's actual change in fund balance exceeded the budgeted amount by \$848,731. Significant favorable revenue variances included a one-time public safety aid in the amount of \$411,697, authorized by the State of Minnesota's 2023 omnibus tax bill, and investment earnings of \$272,288, marking the highest earnings since 2007. Additionally, the City experienced favorable revenue variances in tax receipts and building permits, attributed to significant redevelopment activities taking place.

The key factors contributing to unfavorable expenditure variances in different departments:

- 1. Public Safety (\$164,917): The variance was due to building inspection fees related to redevelopment activities offset by permit fees.
- 2. General Government (\$126,288): The variance was attributed to severance payments resulting from employee turnover and consulting fees related to the City Manager position search, as well as the development of a long-term financial plan.
- 3. Culture and Recreation (\$125,546): The variance in this department resulted from tree removal cost necessitated by the Emerald Ash Borer infestation.
- 4. Public Works (\$28,802): Unexpected repairs to city vehicles caused the variance in this department. Maintenance and repair costs for vehicles can fluctuate based on factors like age, usage, and unforeseen mechanical issues.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2023, is shown below in capital asset table (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, structures, improvements, water and sewer systems, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and roads.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Purchase of 2023 Pierce Pumper Enforcer Fire Truck
- F-1 Lift Station Improvement Project Lakewinds
- Lynwood Boulevard Watermain Improvements Phase 3
- Downtown Paver Sidewalks Replacement Project Group 3

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3B starting on page 64 of this report.

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities							
		2023		2022	ncrease Decrease)		2023		2022		Increase (Decrease)	
Land	\$	198,366	\$	198,366	\$ -	\$	488,685	\$	488,685	\$	-	
Construction												
in Progress		777,530		624,889	152,641		2,793,925		828,682		1,965,243	
Buildings		6,961,036		7,175,728	(214,692)		732,149		769,882		(37,733)	
Improvements other												
than Buildings		1,371,147		985,942	385,205		-		-		-	
Equipment		1,971,993		1,497,445	474,548		164,455		255,027		(90,572)	
Infrastructure		22,027,694		22,688,515	 (660,821)	;	31,572,273	3	3,085,063		(1,512,790)	
Total	\$:	33,307,766	\$:	33,170,885	\$ 136,881	\$ 3	35,751,487	\$3	5,427,339	\$	324,148	
Percentage increase/(decrease)				 0.4%						0.9%		

City of Mound's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

34

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City the total bonded debt outstanding decreased as shown below due to regularly scheduled principal and interest payments.

	Go	overnmental Activit	ties	Business-type Activities				
	Increase 2023 2022 (Decrease)			2023 2022		Increase (Decrease)		
General Obligation Revenue Bonds G.O. Tax Increment	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 22,109,213	\$ 24,245,746	\$ (2,136,533)		
Bonds G.O. Improvement	2,083,000	2,627,000	(544,000)	-	-	-		
Bonds	9,160,786	11,414,253	(2,253,467)	-	-	-		
Bond Premium	81,663	99,632	(17,969)	190,893	209,387	(18,494)		
Total Percentage incr	<u>\$ 11,325,449</u> ease/(decrease)	\$ 14,140,885	<u>\$ (2,815,436)</u> -19.9%	\$ 22,300,106	\$ 24,455,133	<u>\$ (2,155,027)</u> -8.8%		

City of Mound's Outstanding Debt

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of net general obligation debt a City may issue to 3 percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is debt payable solely from ad valorem taxes. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly less than the current debt limitation.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 3D starting on page 67 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for the local area was 2.2 percent in December 2023, which is a decrease from a rate of 2.6 percent in December 2022. This compares favorably to the State's and national average unemployment rates of 2.6 percent and 3.5 percent, respectively.
- Tax capacity surged in 2023, increasing by 28.5 percent. The City expects tax capacity to increase by 9.8 percent in 2024. This increase will mark the tenth straight year that tax capacity has seen an increase since the bottom of the Great Recession. In 2021, the City finally recovered the tax capacity lost from the great recession. The City's 2024 tax capacity is 61% higher than the peak prior to the Great Recession.
- Inflationary pressures due to supply chain, labor shortages, and monetary policies continue to be felt on operations. The City is watching the increases in the cost of fuel, construction, and materials in order to make the appropriate budget and capital improvement plan adjustments, and in some cases postponing projects until the markets settle. The three year Bartlett Boulevard Trenchless Watermain Improvement projects were moved from 2024-2026 to 2025-2027 based on the conditions of the infrastructure and the financial health of the fund.

The City thoroughly reviewed its banking services and investment needs throughout 2021 and elected to switch financial institutions in late 2021. The change has made significant improvements to the City's banking and investment goals. The City's bank service fees have decreased by \$21K annually, and are the lowest in 10+ years while investment vehicles available to the City were greatly enhanced. Investment earnings surpassed \$400K in 2023, the highest since 2007. As of March 2024, the City's average daily yield on all cash and investments was 5.423%.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City's budget for the 2024 fiscal year.

The City began receiving Local Government Aid (LGA) from the State of Minnesota in 2014, the first time since 2003. With the assistance of LGA and cost savings measures, the City was able to maintain an average levy increase of 2.27% between 2010 and 2023. With continued LGA funding, ongoing cost savings measures, retiring debt, and low inflation, in 2018 the City was able to adopt a 10+ year Long-Term Financial Plan designed to build capital reserves for future infrastructure investments while managing and balancing tax and utility rates. As of December 31, 2023, the capital reserve funds had a combined fund balance of \$4,041,345. Since 2022, the City has lost \$243,604 in annual LGA funding, or the equivalent of 6.05% of the 2022 General fund levy. The City faced substantial increases in operational and capital costs during fiscal years 2022 and 2023, largely attributed to historic levels of inflation. The City Council approved an 11.66% levy increase for 2024 to respond to loss in LGA, inflationary pressures, and growing infrastructure needs. Additionally, the City contracted with Ehlers Public Finance Advisors to develop a Financial Management Plan (FMP) and Utility Rate Study (URS) to respond to the changing and challenging financial environment. The FMP and URS is expected to be completed in the Spring of 2024.

The 2024 budgeted General fund expenditures increased \$714,078, or 11.16% from 2023. The budgeted increase in General fund expenditures was driven by persistent inflation, wage increases resulting from the 2024-2026 collective bargaining agreement with the Public Works union, hiring a Public Works Director position, and an increase in tree removal costs from the Emerald Ash Borer infestation on public lands.

Utility rates have been on the rise since the early 2000s in order to fund the investments in infrastructure made to increase the capacity, efficiency, and quality of our utility services. Since 2003, the City has invested more than \$80M in infrastructure renewal in roads, water, sewer, and storm water. While there have been significant investments and improvements to the City's utility infrastructure, there are still miles of watermain to replace/reline, 5 of 30 lift stations left to upgrade as well our continued effort to reduce inflow and infiltration in our sanitary sewer system.

The City continues to balance rate increases with some use of fund balance in the mid-term in order to continue infrastructure improvements while decreasing dependence on debt. Use of fund balance has been necessary as water rates were frozen from 2018-2022 and storm water rates were cut significantly to give utility ratepayers relief. Since 2018, the sewer rate has increased by 3% annually. Additionally, in 2020, the Council approved \$4.24M in bonds for the Sewer fund that will be repaid with a property tax special levy further reducing utility rate pressure.

The City of Mound and the Minnesota Department of Health (MDH) routinely conduct water analysis testing to monitor water quality. Testing indicates the City's drinking water supply complies with the Safe Drinking Water Act's primary drinking water standards. However, a December 2020 test indicated elevated levels of manganese greater than the MDH recommended health advisory guideline levels. The City worked with our engineering consultants and MDH to determine possible long-term treatment options to reduce the manganese levels in the City's drinking water. It was determined the best solution is to construct a water treatment facility with an estimated cost of \$36M. The City solicited funding at the state and federal level to construct a water treatment facility. In 2023, the City was awarded \$10.3M from the State of Minnesota and nearly \$1M at the federal level. The City will continue to seek funding to build the water treatment facility.

The 2023 Minnesota Legislature enacted a one-time public safety aid for cities, counties, and tribal nations. The City received \$411,697 in December 2023 and will use the funding for 2024 fire and police protection services.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, City of Mound, 2415 Wilshire Boulevard, Mound, Minnesota 55364.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Mound, Minnesota Statement of Net Position

December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 10,198,824	\$ 1,213,462	\$ 11,412,286
Receivables			
Accounts	86,081	1,420,506	1,506,587
Taxes	102,065	-	102,065
Special assessments	1,588,710	274,272	1,862,982
Internal balances	4,928,491	(4,928,491)	-
Due from other governments	641,186	-	641,186
Inventory	-	569,389	569,389
Prepaid items	16,660	3,780	20,440
Land held for resale	240,785	-	240,785
Capital assets			
Land and construction in progress	975,896	3,282,610	4,258,506
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	32,331,870	32,468,877	64,800,747
Total Assets	51,110,568	34,304,405	85,414,973
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	411,078	461,506	872,584
Accrued salaries payable	69,882	15,475	85,357
Due to other governments	1,516	42,840	44,356
Deposits payable	583,615	10,735	594,350
Accrued interest payable	133,531	238,445	371,976
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	2,151,053	2,391,938	4,542,991
Due in more than one year	9,426,508	19,979,375	29,405,883
Total Liabilities	12,777,183	23,140,314	35,917,497
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	24,065,317	14,404,734	38,470,051
Restricted for			
Debt service	3,326,344	-	3,326,344
Public safety	411,697	-	411,697
Economic development	553,908	-	553,908
Unrestricted	9,976,119	(3,240,643)	6,735,476
Total Net Position	\$ 38,333,385	\$ 11,164,091	\$ 49,497,476

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Mound, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

						Revenues (Expen	,
			Program Revenue Operating	s Capital Grants	and	Changes in Net Po	sition
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities	Expenses		<u> </u>		///////////////////////////////////////		
General government	\$1,353,093	\$ 409,941	\$ 12,953	\$ -	\$ (930,199)	\$ -	\$ (930,199)
Public safety	4,213,678	1,187,497	605,000	-	(2,421,181)	-	(2,421,181)
Public works	2,203,860	71,106	425,424	119,178	(1,588,152)	-	(1,588,152)
Culture and recreation	1,086,106	274,782	-	-	(811,324)	-	(811,324)
Housing and economic development	254,309	529	90,650	-	(163,130)	-	(163,130)
Interest on long-term debt	326,634	-	-	-	(326,634)	-	(326,634)
Total Governmental Activities	9,437,680	1,943,855	1,134,027	119,178	(6,240,620)		(6,240,620)
Business-type Activities							
Water	2,014,321	2,142,111	-	60,000	-	187.790	187,790
Sewer	2,274,120	2,791,277	-	53,640	-	570,797	570,797
Municipal liquor	3,468,709	3,858,461	-	-	-	389,752	389,752
Recycling	249,577	237,258	18,642	-	-	6,323	6,323
Storm water	325,339	140,541	-	-	-	(184,798)	(184,798)
Total Business-type Activities	8,332,066	9,169,648	18,642	113,640	-	969,864	969,864
Total	\$ 17,769,746	\$ 11,113,503	\$ 1,152,669	\$ 232,818	(6,240,620)	969,864	(5,270,756)
	General Revenues Taxes						
	Property taxes, levie	d for general purp	0505		5.665.485	360,000	6.025.485
	Property taxes, levie		0363		1,154,939	500,000	1,154,939
	Tax increments				923,673	_	923,673
	Franchise taxes				370,841	-	370,841
	Grants and contributio	ns not restricted t	o specific program	ne	168,842	344,609	513,451
	Unrestricted investme		o specific program	15	333,902	66,556	400,458
	Gain on sale of capital				70,466	7,189	77,655
	Transfers - Internal Activ				300,000	(300,000)	77,000
		evenues and Trans	fers		8,988,148	478,354	9,466,502
	Change in Net Position		2,747,528	1,448,218	4,195,746		
	Net Position, January 1				35,585,857	9,715,873	45,301,730
	Net Position, December	31			\$ 38,333,385	\$ 11,164,091	\$ 49,497,476

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Mound, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

	101 General	300's Debt Service	222 Area Fire Service	401 Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				<u> </u>		
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 3,942,914	\$ 4,387,990	\$ 481,513	\$-	\$ 1,386,407	\$ 10,198,824
Accounts	86,081	-	-	-	-	86,081
Taxes	93,889	8.176	-	-	-	102,065
Special assessments	87,895	1,150,780	-	344,334	5,701	1,588,710
Due from other governments	7,317	-	-	633,869	-	641,186
Due from other funds	791,479	57,434	-	2,077,504	2,059,508	4,985,925
Prepaid items	9,576				7,084	16,660
Total Assets	\$ 5,019,151	\$ 5,604,380	\$ 481,513	\$ 3,055,707	\$ 3,458,700	\$ 17,619,451
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 185,774	\$ 4,071	\$ 45,432	\$ 35,547	\$ 140,254	\$ 411,078
Accrued salaries payable	34,454	-	35,428	-	-	69,882
Due to other governments	1,516	-	-	-	-	1,516
Deposits payable	583,615	-	-	-	-	583,615
Due to other funds	-	57,434	-	-		57,434
Total Liabilities	805,359	61,505	80,860	35,547	140,254	1,123,525
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	59,128	-	-	-	-	59,128
Unavailable revenue - special assessments	86,945	1,146,329	-	344,334	5,701	1,583,309
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	-			633,869		633,869
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	146,073	1,146,329		978,203	5,701	2,276,306
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable for						
Prepaid items	9,576	-	-	-	7,084	16,660
Restricted for						
Debt service	-	4,396,546	-	-	-	4,396,546
Public safety	411,697	-	-	-	-	411,697
Economic development	-	-	-	-	553,908	553,908
Assigned for	050 110					050 110
Severance pay	252,112	-	-	-	-	252,112
Public safety	-	-	400,653	-	-	400,653
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	356,083	356,083
Housing and redevelopment authority	-	-	-	-	396,282	396,282
Capital improvements	-	-	-	2,041,957	1,999,388	4,041,345
Unassigned	3,394,334	4.396.546	400,653	2,041,957	3,312,745	3,394,334
Total Fund Balances	4,067,719	4,390,340	400,053	2,041,95/	3,312,745	14,219,620
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	ά <u>Γ</u> 010151	A F C A A A A A A A A A A	Ó 401 510	A A A F F 7 A 7	À 0.450.700	Ó 17 (10 4F1
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 5,019,151	\$ 5,604,380	\$ 481,513	\$ 3,055,707	\$ 3,458,700	\$ 17,619,451

City of Mound, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for the governmental activities within the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 14,219,620
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Land held for resale Cost of capital assets Less: accumulated depreciation	240,785 52,317,830 (19,010,064)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of	
Bond principal payable	(11,243,786)
Bond premium payable	(81,663)
Compensated absences payable	(252,112)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are unavailable in the funds.	
Taxes receivable	59,128
Special assessments receivable	1,583,309
Intergovernmental	633,869
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable.	 (133,531)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 38,333,385

City of Mound, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	101 General	300's Debt Service	222 Area Fire Service	401 Capital Improvements	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 5,175,716	\$ 1,962,593	\$ 82,839	\$ 308,000	\$ 582,169	\$ 8,111,317
Licenses and permits	374,943	-	-	-	276,586	651,529
Intergovernmental	625,967	-	193,303	-	75,737	895,007
Charges for services	553,783	-	548,445	-	70,000	1,172,228
Fines and forfeitures	40,173	-	-	-	-	40,173
Special assessments	33,838	390,060	-	61,728	567	486,193
Interest on investments	292,288	-	13,520	-	28,094	333,902
Miscellaneous	111,882		58,031		662	170,575
Total Revenues	7,208,590	2,352,653	896,138	369,728	1,033,815	11,860,924
Expenditures Current						
General government	1,357,938	-	-	-	-	1,357,938
Public safety	2,769,440	-	1,113,774	-	-	3,883,214
Public works	994,280	-	-	31,362	-	1,025,642
Culture and recreation	744,325	-	-	-	142,994	887,319
Housing and economic development	-	28,070	-	-	45,226	73,296
Capital outlay						
General government	-	-	-	-	23,925	23,925
Public safety	-	-	810,652	-	-	810,652
Public works	-	-	-	516,535	255,838	772,373
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	304,510	304,510
Housing and economic development	-	-	-	-	135,673	135,673
Debt service						
Principal	-	2,627,467	170,000	-	-	2,797,467
Interest and other	-	357,805	18,200	223		376,228
Total Expenditures	5,865,983	3,013,342	2,112,626	548,120	908,166	12,448,237
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,342,607	(660,689)	(1,216,488)	(178,392)	125,649	(587,313)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	300,000	-	649,071	-	330,000	1,279,071
Sale of capital assets	50,113	-	25,022	-	1,231	76,366
Transfers out	(979,071)	-		-		(979,071)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(628,958)	-	674,093		331,231	376,366
Net Change in Fund Balances	713,649	(660,689)	(542,395)	(178,392)	456,880	(210,947)
Fund Balances, January 1	3,354,070	5,057,235	943,048	2,220,349	2,855,865	14,430,567
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 4,067,719	\$ 4,396,546	\$ 400,653	\$ 2,041,957	\$ 3,312,745	\$ 14,219,620

City of Mound, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	
Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (210,947)
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlays	1,608,038
Depreciation expense	(1,465,257)
Governmental funds report a gain (loss) on sale of capital assets to the extent of cash exchanged, whereas the disposition of the assets book value is included in the total gain (loss) in the statement of activities.	
Disposals	(296,486)
Depreciation on disposals	290,586
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities.	
Principal repayments	2,797,467
Amortization of bond premium	17,969
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental fund because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	31,625
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Special assessments	(367,015)
Property taxes	3,621
Intergovernmental	317,212
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Compensated absences	20,715
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 2,747,528

City of Mound, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 4,973,639	\$ 4,973,639	\$ 5,175,716	\$ 202,077
Licenses and permits	233,850	233,850	374,943	141,093
Intergovernmental	198,842	198,842	625,967	427,125
Charges for services	433,088	433,088	553,783	120,695
Fines and forfeitures	28,000	28,000	40,173	12,173
Special assessments	12,000	12,000	33,838	21,838
Interest on investments	20,000	20,000	292,288	272,288
Miscellaneous	65,000	65,000	111,882	46,882
Total Revenues	5,964,419	5,964,419	7,208,590	1,244,171
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,231,650	1,231,650	1,357,938	(126,288)
Public safety	2,604,523	2,604,523	2,769,440	(164,917)
Public works	965,478	965,478	994,280	(28,802)
Culture and recreation	618,779	618,779	744,325	(125,546)
Total Expenditures	5,420,430	5,420,430	5,865,983	(445,553)
Excess of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	543,989	543,989	1,342,607	798,618
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	300,000	-
Sale of capital assets	-	-	50,113	50,113
Transfers out	(979,071)	(979,071)	(979,071)	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(679,071)	(679,071)	(628,958)	50,113
Net Change in Fund Balances	(135,082)	(135,082)	713,649	848,731
Fund Balances, January 1	3,354,070	3,354,070	3,354,070	-
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 3,218,988	<u>\$ 3,218,988</u>	\$ 4,067,719	\$ 848,731

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Mound, Minnesota Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Area Fire Service Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	В	udgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Var	ance with
	Origi	nal		Final	A	mounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Property taxes	-	2,839	\$	82,839	\$	82,839	\$	-
Intergovernmental		2,521		132,521		193,303		60,782
Charges for services	54	8,325		548,325		548,445		120
Interest on investments		-		-		13,520		13,520
Miscellaneous		-		-		58,031		58,031
Total Revenues	76	3,685		763,685		896,138		132,453
Expenditures								
Current								
Public safety								
Personnel services	90	3,410		903,410		839,147		64,263
Supplies	6	7,220		67,220		51,968		15,252
Other services and charges	19	9,076		199,076		222,659		(23,583)
Capital outlay	73	0,654		730,654		810,652		(79,998)
Debt service								
Principal	17	0,000		170,000		170,000		-
Interest and other	1	7,950		17,950		18,200		(250)
Total Expenditures	2,08	8,310		2,088,310		2,112,626		(24,316)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,32	4,625)	((1,324,625)	((1,216,488)		108,137
		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	64	9,071		649,071		649,071		-
Sale of capital assets		-		-		25,022		25,022
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	64	9,071		649,071		674,093		25,022
Net Change in Fund Balances	(67	5,554)		(675,554)		(542,395)		133,159
Fund Balances, January 1	94	3,048		943,048		943,048		<u> </u>
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 26	7,494	\$	267,494	\$	400,653	\$	133,159

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

City of Mound, Minnesota Statements of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Bu	siness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fu	nds		Bus						
		09		01		02		70	6	75		
		al Liquor		ater	Sewer		Recycling		Storm Water			tals
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Assets												
Current Assets												
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,213,462	\$ 1,137,057	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,213,462	\$ 1,137,057
Receivables			570 4 67	557.000	740 640	740 400	74 60 4	60.040	00.400		4 400 504	4 077 744
Accounts	-	-	573,167	557,399	743,613	718,102	71,604	69,942	32,122	32,268	1,420,506	1,377,711
Special assessments	-	-	274,272	262,474	-	-	-	-	-	-	274,272	262,474
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	1,070,628	1,689,148	213,232	202,570	-	-	1,283,860	1,891,718
Inventory	523,684	477,305	45,705	51,540	-	-	-	-	-	-	569,389	528,845
Prepaid items Total Current Assets	1,737,146	1,614,362	1,890 895,034	871.413	1,890 1,816,131	2,407,250	284,836	272,512	32,122	32,268	3,780	5,197,805
Total Current Assets	1,/3/,140	1,014,302	895,034	8/1,413	1,810,131	2,407,250	284,830	272,312	32,122	32,208	4,700,209	5,197,805
Noncurrent Assets												
Capital assets, at cost	1,477,701	1,477,701	29,124,740	28,689,514	23,195,142	21,815,949	_		6,831,534	6,831,537	60,629,117	58,814,701
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(778,599)	(739,188)	(11,283,039)	(10,591,157)	(9,848,637)	(9,324,610)			(2,967,355)	(2,732,407)	(24,877,630)	(23,387,362)
Net Capital Assets	699,102	738,513	17,841,701	18,098,357	13,346,505	12,491,339			3,864,179	4,099,130	35,751,487	35,427,339
Net Capital Assets	099,102	/30,313	17,041,701	10,090,337	13,340,303	12,491,339			3,004,179	4,099,130	33,731,407	33,427,339
Total Assets	2,436,248	2,352,875	18,736,735	18,969,770	15,162,636	14,898,589	284,836	272,512	3,896,301	4,131,398	40,516,756	40,625,144
Liabilities												
Current Liabilities												
Accounts payable	68,385	105,243	85,826	82,681	288,644	252,339	18,651	18,651	-		461,506	458,914
Deposits payable	-		-		10,735	9,990		-	-	-	10,735	9,990
Accrued salaries payable	6,291	6,269	4,510	3,929	4,674	3,929	-	-	-	-	15,475	14,127
Due to other governments	42,510	38,861	330	347	-,074	-	-	-	-	-	42.840	39,208
Due to other funds			4,436,818	3.721.476	-	-	-	-	1,775,533	1,534,680	6,212,351	5,256,156
Accrued interest payable	-	-	122,535	135,102	86,951	94,251	-		28,959	31,951	238,445	261,304
Unearned revenue	-	-		344,609			-					344,609
Current portion of compensated absences payable	21,250	22,901	10,494	9,499	10,980	9,499	-		-		42,724	41,899
Current portion of bonds payable		,	1,168,537	1,126,398	879,918	724,732	-		300,759	285,403	2,349,214	2,136,533
Total Current Liabilities	138,436	173,274	5,829,050	5.424.041	1,281,902	1.094,740	18,651	18.651	2,105,251	1,852,034	9,373,290	8,562,740
Noncurrent Liabilities												
Compensated absences payable	14,167	15,267	6,996	6,332	7,320	6,332	-	-	-	-	28,483	27,931
Bonds payable		-	9,135,303	10,306,437	8,440,389	9,333,447	-	-	2,375,200	2,678,716	19,950,892	22,318,600
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	14,167	15,267	9,142,299	10,312,769	8,447,709	9,339,779	-	-	2,375,200	2,678,716	19,979,375	22,346,531
Total Liabilities	152,603	188,541	14,971,349	15,736,810	9,729,611	10,434,519	18,651	18,651	4,480,451	4,530,750	29,352,665	30,909,271
Net Position												
Net investment in capital assets	699,102	738,513	8,115,258	7,881,917	4,026,198	2,433,160	-		1,564,176	1,510,967	14,404,734	12,564,557
Unrestricted	1,584,543	1,425,821	(4,349,872)	(4,648,957)	1,406,827	2,030,910	266,185	253,861	(2,148,326)	(1,910,319)	(3,240,643)	(2,848,684)
	1,00 1,040	.,	(1,012,072)	(.,0.0,207)	.,	2,000,210	200,.00	200,001	(2,1.10,020)	(1,510,015)	(0,2 10,0 40)	(2,0 10,004)
Total Net Position	\$ 2,283,645	\$ 2,164,334	\$ 3,765,386	\$ 3,232,960	\$ 5,433,025	\$ 4,464,070	\$ 266,185	\$ 253,861	\$ (584,150)	\$ (399,352)	\$ 11,164,091	\$ 9,715,873

City of Mound, Minnesota Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Bus	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Bus	siness-type Activi	ties - Enterprise Fu	inds			
		09		01	6	02		70	6	75		
							Non	major				
	Municip	al Liquor	Wa	ater	Se	wer		ycling	Storm	Water		tals
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Operating Revenues												
Sales	\$ 3,857,129	\$ 3,820,758	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,857,129	\$ 3,820,758
Cost of sales	(2,757,972)	(2,721,381)	-	-		-		-	-	-	(2,757,972)	(2,721,381)
Gross Profit	1,099,157	1,099,377	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,099,157	1,099,377
Charges for services		-	2,095,151	2,020,598	2,734,685	2,577,640	232,774	234,603	139,587	137,680	5,202,197	4,970,521
Penalties	-	-	42,058	40,181	47,208	43,206	4,484	4,039	954	933	94,704	88,359
Total Operating Revenues	1,099,157	1,099,377	2,137,209	2,060,779	2,781,893	2,620,846	237,258	238,642	140,541	138,613	6,396,058	6,158,257
Operating Expenses												
Personnel services	352,262	345,715	265,691	285,442	266,682	283,014	567	379	-		885,202	914,550
Supplies	18,424	18,223	127,441	77,082	49,717	33,178		2,175	-		195,582	130,658
Professional services	45,345	45,400	91,965	85,334	86,988	64,599		2,175			224,298	195,333
Communications	13,480	13,867	13,982	10,635	13,760	11,212					41,222	35,714
	19,717	21,649	15,566	9,457	25,943	21,649	-		-		61,222	52,755
Insurance							-	-	-	-		
Utilities	27,443	26,699	57,462	59,761	45,377	43,509	-	-	-	-	130,282	129,969
Repairs and maintenance	8,218	15,071	29,915	39,478	47,212	43,316	-	-	-	-	85,345	97,865
Rent	17,726	19,020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,726	19,020
Other contractual services	9,256	6,017	237,043	108,547	105,429	72,675	249,010	248,910	22,147	23,087	622,885	459,236
Metropolitan Council Environmental												
Services disposal charges	-	-	-	-	806,646	863,301	-	-	-	-	806,646	863,301
Depreciation	39,411	39,411	865,543	866,147	624,167	593,815	-	-	234,948	234,948	1,764,069	1,734,321
Miscellaneous	159,455	137,536	12,939	10,973	3,758	4,890		-		-	176,152	153,399
Total Operating Expenses	710,737	688,608	1,717,547	1,552,856	2,075,679	2,035,158	249,577	251,464	257,095	258,035	5,010,635	4,786,121
Operating Income (Loss)	388,420	410,769	419,662	507,923	706,214	585,688	(12,319)	(12,822)	(116,554)	(119,422)	1,385,423	1,372,136
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)												
Intergovernmental	-	-	344,609	332,432	-	-	18,642	18,661	-	-	363,251	351,093
Property taxes	-	-	-	· · ·	360,000	180,000	-	-	-	-	360,000	180,000
Interest on investments	29,559	7,929	-	-	30,996	11,973	6,001	1,762	-	-	66,556	21,664
Miscellaneous	1,332	· -	4,902	14,268	9,384	14,795	-		-	-	15,618	29,063
Interest expense and other	-	-	(296,774)	(326,463)	(198,441)	(215,591)	-	-	(68,244)	(75,145)	(563,459)	(617,199)
Gain on sale of capital assets		-	27	799	7,162	728	-		(00,211)	(/ 0)0)	7,189	1,527
Total Nonoperating												.,027
Revenues (Expenses)	30,891	7,929	52,764	21,036	209,101	(8,095)	24,643	20,423	(68,244)	(75,145)	249,155	(33,852)
Incomo (Loco) Poforo Transforo												
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Contributions	410 011	410 600	470 400	E00.050	015 015	E77 E00	12,324	7 6 0 1	(184,798)	(104 5 (7)	1 604 570	1 000 00 4
and Contributions	419,311	418,698	472,426	528,959	915,315	577,593	12,324	7,601	(184,798)	(194,567)	1,634,578	1,338,284
Capital Contributions	-	-	60,000	-	53,640	-	-	-	-	-	113,640	-
Transfers Out	(300,000)	(250,000)					-	-	-		(300,000)	(250,000)
Change in Net Position	119,311	168,698	532,426	528,959	968,955	577,593	12,324	7,601	(184,798)	(194,567)	1,448,218	1,088,284
Net Position, January 1	2,164,334	1,995,636	3,232,960	2,704,001	4,464,070	3,886,477	253,861	246,260	(399,352)	(204,785)	9,715,873	8,627,589
Net Fosition, January 1	2,104,334	1,990,030	3,232,900	2,704,001	4,404,070	3,000,477	203,60 I	240,200	(399,352)	(204,785)	9,710,073	0,027,309
Net Position, December 31	\$ 2,283,645	\$ 2,164,334	\$ 3,765,386	\$ 3,232,960	\$ 5,433,025	\$ 4,464,070	\$ 266,185	\$ 253,861	\$ (584,150)	\$ (399,352)	\$ 11,164,091	\$ 9,715,873

City of Mound, Minnesota Statements of Cash Flows (Continued on the Following Page) Proprietary Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Bu	siness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fu	nds		Bus	siness-type Activit	ies - Enterprise Fu	nds			
	6	09	60	01	60)2	6		6	75		
	Muniain	al Liguor	Wa		Sev			najor	Charm	n Water	Та	tals
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	Recy 2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers and users Other operating receipts Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 3,857,129 1,332 (3,156,624) (354,991)	\$ 3,820,758 (2,955,796) (347,796)	\$ 2,109,643 4,902 (549,102) (263,451)	\$ 2,040,342 14,268 (429,666) (296,797)	\$ 2,765,766 (1,141,121) (263,468)	\$ 2,604,311 (994,776) (294,369)	\$ 235,596 (249,010) (567)	\$ 225,998 (246,929) (379)	\$ 140,687 (22,147)	\$ 138,909 (23,087)	\$ 9,108,821 6,234 (5,118,004) (882,477)	\$ 8,830,318 14,268 (4,650,254) (939,341)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	346,846	517,166	1,301,992	1,328,147	1,361,177	1,315,166	(13,981)	(21,310)	118,540	115,822	3,114,574	3,254,991
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Receipt (payment) of due to other funds Transfers out Intergovernmental receipts Net Cash Provided (Used) by	(300,000)	(250,000)	715,342	22,781 _ 519,582	618,520 - -	125,198 - -	(10,662) 	887 - 18,661	240,853	261,665 - -	1,564,053 (300,000) 18,642	410,531 (250,000) 538,243
Noncapital Financing Activities	(300,000)	(250,000)	715,342	542,363	618,520	125,198	7,980	19,548	240,853	261,665	1,282,695	698,774
Cash Flows from Capital Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Property Taxes Proceeds from capital grants Interest paid on bonds	- - -	- - - -	(638,998) - 60,000 (311,940)	(407,741) 799 - (341,062)	(1,480,720) - 360,000 53,640 (218,881)	(690,194) 728 180,000 - (235,617)	- - -	- - -	- - - (73,988)	- - - (80,880)	(2,119,718) - 360,000 113,640 (604,809)	(1,097,935) 1,527 180,000 (657,559)
Principal paid on bonds Net Cash Provided (Used)			(1,126,396)	(1,122,506)	(724,732)	(707,254)			(285,405)	(296,607)	(2,136,533)	(2,126,367)
by Capital Financing Activities Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received on investments	29,559	7,929	(2,017,334)	(1,870,310)	(2,010,693) 30,996	11,973	6,001	1,762			66,556	21,664
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	76,405	275,095		-	-	-	-		-	-	76,405	275,095
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1	1,137,057	861,962									1,137,057	861,962
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$ 1,213,462	\$ 1,137,057	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,213,462	\$ 1,137,057

City of Mound, Minnesota Statements of Cash Flows (Continued) Proprietary Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Bu	siness-type Activiti	ies - Enterprise Fur	nds	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
	6	09	60	01	6	02	67		6	75		
	Municin	al Liguor	Wa	tor	So	wer	Nonn Recy		Storm	n Water	Tot	tals
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Reconciliation to Operating Income (Loss)	2020	LOLL	2020	2022	2020	2022	2020	2022	2020	LOLL	2020	LOLL
to Net Cash Provided (Used)												
by Operating Activities												
Operating income (loss)	\$ 388,420	\$ 410,769	\$ 419,662	\$ 507,923	\$ 706,214	\$ 585,688	\$ (12,319)	\$ (12,822)	\$ (116,554)	\$ (119,422)	\$ 1,385,423	\$ 1,372,136
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)												
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities												
Other income	1,332	-	4,902	14,268	9,384	14,795	-	-	-	-	15,618	29,063
Depreciation expense	39,411	39,411	865,543	866,147	624,167	593,815	-	-	234,948	234,948	1,764,069	1,734,321
(Increase) decrease in assets												
Accounts receivable	-	-	(15,768)	(19,116)	(25,511)	(31,330)	(1,662)	(12,644)	146	296	(42,795)	(62,794)
Special assessments receivable	-	-	(11,798)	(1,321)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(11,798)	(1,321)
Inventory	(46,379)	927	5,835	(39,440)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(40,544)	(38,513)
Prepaid items	-	-	(1,890)	-	(1,890)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,780)	-
Increase (decrease) in liabilities												
Accounts payable	(36,858)	67,392	3,145	28,521	36,305	84,111	-	4,156	-	-	2,592	184,180
Deposits payable	-	-	-	-	745	(7,405)	-	-	-	-	745	(7,405)
Accrued salaries payable	22	(3,785)	581	(1,354)	745	(1,354)	-	-	-	-	1,348	(6,493)
Due to other governments	3,649	748	30,121	(17,480)	8,549	86,847	-	-	-	-	42,319	70,115
Compensated absences payable	(2,751)	1,704	1,659	(10,001)	2,469	(10,001)	-		-	-	1,377	(18,298)
Net Cash Provided (Used)												
by Operating Activities	\$ 346,846	\$ 517,166	\$ 1,301,992	\$ 1,328,147	\$ 1,361,177	\$ 1,315,166	\$ (13,981)	\$ (21,310)	\$ 118,540	\$ 115,822	\$ 3,114,574	\$ 3,254,991
Noncash Capital and												
Related Financing Activities												
Acquisition of capital assets on account	<u>ş -</u>	<u>ş -</u>	<u>ş</u> -	\$ 30,138	<u>ş</u> -	\$ 8,549	<u>ş -</u>	<u>ş -</u>	<u>ş</u> -	<u>ş -</u>	<u>ş</u> -	\$ 38,687
Disposal of capital assets	Ş -	Ş -	\$ 27	Ş -	\$ 7,162	\$ -	Ş -	Ş -	Ş -	Ş -	\$ 7,189	Ş -
Amortization of bond premium	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,599	\$ 2,598	\$ 13,140	\$ 13,141	\$-	\$-	\$ 2,755	\$ 2,755	\$ 18,494	\$ 18,494

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Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

The City of Mound, Minnesota (the City), operates under the "Plan B" form of government as defined in the State of Minnesota statutes. Under this plan, the government of the City is directed by a City Council composed of an elected Mayor and four elected City Council members. The City Council exercises legislative authority and determines all matters of policy. The City Council appoints personnel responsible for the proper administration of all affairs relating to the City. The City has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. The component unit has a December 31 year end.

Blended Component Unit. The Housing and Redevelopment Authority (HRA) serves all the citizens of the City and are governed by City appointed Board of Directors.

The HRA was created by the City to carry out certain redevelopment projects. The five-member Board of Directors is appointed by the City Council and currently is comprised of the members of the City Council. The City Council reviews and approves HRA tax levies, and the City provides major community development financing for HRA activities. Debt issued for HRA activities are City general obligations. The HRA consists of two separate operations. The general operations are reported as blended special revenue and debt service funds. Separate financial statements are not issued.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the activities of the City and its component units. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the City is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary funds. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlement and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the year for which the tax is levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the City must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the City on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Debt Service fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources and payment of general obligation bond principal and interest from governmental resources and special assessment bond principal and interest from special assessment levies when the City is obligated in some manner for the payment.

The Area Fire Service fund accounts for the contracted services provided by the City's fire department. The resources in the fund include taxes, which are levied, charges for services provided by the cities that contract for fire services and intergovernmental aid from the State.

The Capital Improvement fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for future capital improvement expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The *Municipal Liquor fund* accounts for costs associated with the City's municipal off - sale liquor operations. When net income exists, it will be used for the annual seal-coating of City streets and/or other capital improvements.

The Water fund accounts for costs associated with the City's water system and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Sewer fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's sewer system and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

The Storm Water fund accounts for the costs associated with the City's storm water system, which are financed by the storm water surcharge, and ensure that user charges are sufficient to pay for those costs.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The City also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position/Fund Balance

Deposits and Investments

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. The proprietary funds' portion in the government-wide cash and temporary investments pool is considered to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statements of cash flows.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

The City may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.
- 10. Certificates of deposits that are fully insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or collateralized as required by law.

Broker money market funds operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the shares.

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2023:

• Government securities of \$6,097,193 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the City's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

Property Taxes

The City Council annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December for collection the following year. The County is responsible for collecting all property taxes for the City. These taxes attach an enforceable lien on taxable property within the City on January 1 and are payable by the property owners in two installments. The taxes are collected by the County Treasurer and tax settlements are made to the City during January, June and November each year.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

Account Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end. Unbilled utility enterprise fund receivables are also included for services provided in 2023. The City annually certifies delinquent utility accounts to the County for collection in the following year. Therefore, there has been no allowance for doubtful accounts established.

Special Assessments

Special assessments represent the financing for public improvements paid for by benefiting property owners. These assessments are recorded as receivable upon certification to the County. Governmental special assessments have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for special assessments not received within 60 days after year end in the governmental fund financial statements.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Certain advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable financial resources.

Land Held for Resale

The City acquires properties for redevelopment purposes. These properties are reported at their net realizable value in the financial statements. Any costs incurred that are above a property's net realizable value are reported as expenditures of the current period.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Inventories

For proprietary funds, inventories are valued at cost, which approximates market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories are recorded as an expense when sold or consumed rather than when purchased.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items of the City are accounted for using the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets, other than infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of four years. The City reports infrastructure assets on a network and subsystem basis. Accordingly, the amounts spent for the construction or acquisition of infrastructure assets are capitalized and reported in the government-wide financial statements regardless of their amount.

In the case of initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities) the City chose to include items dating back to June 30, 1980. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the City values these capital assets at the acquisition value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Useful Lives in Years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 15
Buildings	50 - 100
Equipment	5 - 10
Leasehold Improvements	10 - 20
Infrastructure	20 - 60

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. Sick pay benefits are paid by the City according to the following schedule:

Years of Service	Non-Union	Public Works Union		
5	41 %	53 %		
10	46	59		
15	52	66		
20	57	73		
25+	62	80		

All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. In the case of a liability being recorded in the governmental funds, the liability would be liquidated from the General fund.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, special assessments and intergovernmental. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the City Council, which is the City's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. Assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the City Council itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. The City Council has adopted a fund balance policy which delegates the authority to assign amounts for specific purposes to the City Manager.

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The City has formally adopted a fund balance policy for the General fund. The City's policy is to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance of 20 percent of budgeted operating expenditures for cash-flow timing needs.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Comparative Data/Reclassifications

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented only for individual enterprise funds in the fund financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the financial position and operations of these funds. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General fund and the Area Fire Service, Dock and HRA special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City does not use encumbrance accounting.

On or before July 1 of each year, all departments of the City submit requests for appropriations to the City Manager so that a budget may be prepared. Before September 30th, the proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review. The City Council holds public hearings and a final budget is prepared and adopted in December.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The City's department heads, with the approval of the City Manager, may make transfers of appropriations within or between departments. The legal level of budgetary control is the fund level. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted by the General fund, Area Fire Services fund, Dock fund and HRA fund, or as amended by the City Council. There were no budget amendments during the year.

B. Deficit Fund Equity

The following fund had a deficit fund equity at December 31, 2023:

Fund	A	Amount
Enterprise Storm Water	\$	584,150

The City plans to fund this deficit with future revenues from user charges.

C. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2023 expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds:

Fund	Budget	Actual	Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations
General	\$ 5,420,430	\$ 5,865,983	\$ 445,553
Area Fire Service	2,088,310	2,112,626	24,316
HRA	48,018	74,576	26,558
Dock	179,243	238,519	59,276
Total	\$ 7,736,001	\$ 8,291,704	\$ 555,703

The General fund and the Area Fire Service fund's excesses were funded with revenues in excess of budget while the Dock fund and the HRA fund's excesses were funded with revenues in excess of budget and available fund balance.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits and investments may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the City Council, the City maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all City deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds, with the exception of irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks as this type of collateral only requires collateral pledged equal to 100 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a
 national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers
 which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any Federal agency.

A reconciliation of cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position follows:

Investments Cash on Hand	\$ 11,655,249 2,350
Total - as Reported on the Statement of Net Position	\$ 11,412,286

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Investments

As of December 31, 2023, the City had the following investments that are insured or registered, or securities held by the City's agent in the City's name:

	Credit Quality/	Segmented Time		Fair V	alue Measuremer	it Using
Investment Type	Ratings (1)	Distribution (2)	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Pooled Investments at Amortized Costs Minnesota Municipal Money Market	N/A	Less than 1 year	\$ 5,558,056	\$-	\$-	\$-
Non-pooled Investments at Fair Value Government Securities	AAA	Less than 1 year	6,097,193	6,097,193		
Total Investments			\$ 11,655,249	\$ 6,097,193	\$-	<u>\$</u> -

(1) Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies where applicable.

(2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.

Investment Policy

The City's investment policy incorporates Minnesota statutes as described above which reduce the City's exposure to credit, custodial credit and interest rate risks. Specific risk information for the City is as follows:

- Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. Minnesota statutes and the City's investment policy limit the City's investments to the list on page 56 of the notes.
- Custodial Credit Risk. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the investment officer shall structure all investments, deposits, and repurchase agreements so that the custodial risk is categorized as either insured or register, or securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name or uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty's trust department or agent in the City's name. All investments are placed in safekeeping at financial institutions.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. In accordance with the City's investment policy, the City diversifies its investment portfolio to eliminate the risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific maturity, a specific issuer, or a specific class of securities. The maturities selected shall provide for stability of income and reasonable liquidity.
- Interest Rate Risk. Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the City manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the maturity of its investment portfolio to less than five years.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance			
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated								
Land	\$	198,366	\$	-	\$	-	\$	198,366
Construction in progress		624,889		606,699		(454,058)		777,530
Total Capital Assets,								
not Being Depreciated		823,255		606,699		(454,058)		975,896
5 1		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				· · ·
Capital Assets Being Depreciated								
Buildings		1,988,250		87,238		(10,303)		12,065,185
Improvements other than buildings		2,456,163		454,057		(40,069)		2,870,151
Equipment		4,735,922		793,870		(246,114)		5,283,678
Infrastructure	3	1,002,688		120,232		-		31,122,920
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated	50	0,183,023		1,455,397		(296,486)	į	51,341,934
5 1		<u> </u>						
Less Accumulated Depreciation for								
Buildings	(4	4,812,522)		(301,930)		10,303		(5,104,149)
Improvements other than buildings	•	1,470,221)		(68,852)		40,069		(1,499,004)
Equipment	•	3,238,477)		(313,422)		240,214		(3,311,685)
Infrastructure	(8	8,314,173)		(781,053)		-		(9,095,226)
Total Accumulated								
Depreciation	(1	7,835,393)		(1,465,257)		290,586	(·	19,010,064)
Depreciation		7,033,393)		(1,403,237)		290,000		19,010,004)
Total Capital Assets								
Being Depreciated, Net	32	2,347,630		(9,860)		(5,900)	;	32,331,870
Governmental Activities			,					
Capital Assets, Net	Ş 3	3,170,885	\$	596,839	\$	(459,958)	Ş (33,307,766

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government	\$ 23,650
Public safety	295,310
Public works	982,180
Culture and recreation	118,777
Housing and economic development	45,340
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 1,465,257</u>

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital Assets, not Being Depreciated	Å 400.40F	<u>,</u>	<u>,</u>	
Land	\$ 488,685	\$ -	\$-	\$ 488,685
Construction in progress	828,682	1,965,243		2,793,925
Total Capital Assets,				
not Being Depreciated	1,317,367	1,965,243		3,282,610
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	1,460,915	-	-	1,460,915
Equipment	1,179,649	-	-	1,179,649
Infrastructure	54,856,770	122,974	(273,801)	54,705,943
Total Capital Assets	F7 407 00 4	100.074	(070.004)	57 0 4 6 5 0 7
Being Depreciated	57,497,334	122,974	(273,801)	57,346,507
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	(691,033)	(37,733)	-	(728,766)
Equipment	(924,622)	(90,572)	-	(1,015,194)
Infrastructure	(21,771,707)	(1,635,764)	273,801	(23,133,670)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	(23,387,362)	(1,764,069)	273,801	(24,877,630)
Total Capital Assets				~~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~
Being Depreciated, Net	34,109,972	(1,641,095)	-	32,468,877
Business-type Activities	Ó 05 407 000	Ó 004140	ė.	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 35,427,339	\$ 324,148	<u> </u>	\$ 35,751,487

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the business-type activities as follows:

Business-type Activities	
Water	\$ 865,543
Sewer	624,167
Storm water	234,948
Municipal liquor	39,411
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$ 1,764,069

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Construction Commitments

The City had the following outstanding construction commitments at December 31, 2023:

Project	 Spent to Date	emaining mmitment
2023 Lynwood Blvd Watermain Improvement - Phase 3	\$ 571,435	\$ 72,294
2022 Lift Station Improvement Project - Island View Drive LS R1	633,711	17,351
2023 Lift Station Improvement Project - Lakewinds F-1	 878,482	 235,179
Total	\$ 2,083,629	\$ 324,824

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

The composition of internal balances as of December 31, 2023 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Total
Due to/from other Funds		
General	Water	\$ 791,479
Sewer	Water	1,070,628
Capital Improvements	Water	2,077,504
Street Maintenance	Water	497,207
Street Maintenance	Storm	322,479
Recycling	Storm	213,232
Capital Replacement Equipment	Storm	735,209
Community Investment	Storm	205,422
Capital Replacement Buildings	Storm	299,191
Debt service (Fund 365)	Debt service (Fund 362)	57,434
Subtotal Interfund Balances		6,269,785
Interfund activity eliminated from government-wide statements		(1,341,294)
Total Internal Balances - Government-wide Statements		\$ 4,928,491

Due to/from Other Funds

 All due to and due from balances made by the City during 2023 were to eliminate deficit cash balances at year end.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Interfund Transfers

The composition of interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2023 is as follows:

	Transfer In							
	Area Fire							
Fund	(General		Service	N	lonmajor		Total
Transfer Out								
General	\$	-	\$	649,071	\$	330,000	\$	979,071
Municipal Liquor		300,000		-		-		300,000
Subtotal Transfers	\$	300,000	\$	649,071	\$	330,000	\$	1,279,071

- The General fund transferred \$649,071 to the Area Fire Service fund for costs incurred for the Fire Department and \$330,000 to the nonmajor Street Maintenance fund to pay for the annual seal-coating of City streets.
- The Municipal Liquor fund transferred \$300,000 to the General fund for operations.

D. Long-term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both general government and proprietary activities. These bonds are reported in the proprietary funds if they are expected to be paid from proprietary fund revenues. In addition, general obligation bonds have been issued to refund an issue of general obligation bonds.

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation (Improvement) Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various improvements and will be repaid from tax levies and special assessment collections. All improvement bonds are backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Each year, the tax levy equals 105 percent of the amount required for debt service. The excess of 5 percent is to cover any delinquencies in tax payments.

Description	Authorized and Issued			Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Refunding					
Bonds of 2011A	\$ 3,975,000	0.60 - 3.35 %	02/02/11	02/01/24	\$ 120,786
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2012A	2,245,000	2.00 - 3.25	07/12/12	02/01/28	825,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2013A	2,780,000	2.00 - 2.25	05/02/13	02/01/29	1,215,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2014A	715,000	2.00 - 3.00	09/18/14	02/01/30	370,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2015A	3,510,000	2.00 - 3.50	09/10/15	02/01/32	810,000
G.O. Tax Abatement					
Bonds of 2015B	2,590,000	2.00 - 4.00	09/10/15	02/01/35	1,820,000
GO Improvement					
Bonds of 2016A	2,105,000	2.00 - 2.75	12/01/16	02/01/32	1,385,000
GO Improvement					
Bonds of 2016A	725,000	2.00 - 2.75	12/01/16	02/01/32	350,000
GO Refunding					
Bonds of 2016B	2,845,000	2.00	12/01/16	02/01/24	90,000
GO Refunding					
Bonds of 2018A	3,940,000	2.1 - 3.250	12/04/18	02/01/25	510,000
GO Refunding					
Bonds of 2020A	2,450,000	1.15 - 2.00	11/04/20	02/01/30	1,665,000
Total G.O. Improvement Bond	ls				<u>\$ 9,160,786</u>

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation improvement bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	G.O. Improvement							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$ 1,615,786	\$	215,501	\$	1,831,287			
2025	1,445,000		176,765		1,621,765			
2026	1,215,000		144,865		1,359,865			
2027	1,125,000		118,099		1,243,099			
2028	1,140,000		91,139		1,231,139			
2029 - 2033	2,250,000		203,367		2,453,367			
2034 - 2035	370,000		15,000		385,000			
Total	\$ 9,160,786	\$	964,736	\$	10,125,522			

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Tax Increment Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance various redevelopment projects throughout the City and will be repaid from tax increments. There were no City capital assets acquired with these bonds. The additional tax increments resulting from increased tax capacity of the redeveloped properties will be used to retire the related debt.

Description	-	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	_	alance at Year End
Tax Increment Revenue Refunding of 2006 G.O. Tax Increment	\$	3,295,000	4.25 - 5.00 %	11/02/06	08/15/26	\$	643,000
Refunding Bonds of 2018A		4,020,000	2.10 - 3.25	12/04/18	02/01/31		1,440,000
Total G.O. Tax Incremen	t Bonds	;				\$	2,083,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation tax increment bonds are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
Year Ending	G.O. Tax Increment							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$ 384,0	00 \$	78,738	\$	462,738			
2025	419,0	00	60,388		479,388			
2026	320,0	00	40,813		360,813			
2027	180,0	00	29,613		209,613			
2028	185,0	00	22,311		207,311			
2028 - 2031	595,0	00	28,881		623,881			
Total	<u>\$ 2,083,0</u>	<u>00 \$</u>	260,744	\$	2,343,744			

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

General Obligation Revenue Bonds

The following bonds were issued to finance capital improvements in the enterprise funds. They will be repaid from future net operating revenues and transfers in from the enterprise funds and are backed by the taxing power of the City. Additional information for the bonds outstanding are noted below.

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	lssue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O. Refunding			Date	Date	
Bonds of 2011A	\$ 1,455,000	.60 - 3.35 %	08/01/11	02/01/24	\$ 44,216
G.O. Improvement Bonds of 2012A	2,615,000	2.00 - 3.25	07/12/12	02/01/33	1,460,000
G.O. Refunding					
Bonds of 2012B	1,180,000	0.40 - 2.35	07/12/12	02/01/25	215,000
G.O. Improvement					
Bonds of 2013A	3,490,000	2.00 - 2.25	05/02/13	02/01/34	2,095,000
G.O. Revenue					
Bonds of 2013B	995,000	2.00 - 2.50	05/02/13	02/01/24	85,000
G.O. Revenue					
Bonds of 2014A	4,210,000	2.00 - 3.50	09/18/14	02/01/35	2,615,000
G.O. Refunding					
Bonds of 2014B	2,290,000	2.00 - 2.75	09/18/14	02/01/26	640,000
G.O. Revenue					
Bonds of 2015A	4,210,000	2.00 - 3.50	09/18/14	02/01/36	3,460,000
G.O. Revenue					
Bonds of 2016A	2,995,000	2.00 - 2.75	12/01/16	02/01/37	2,230,000
G.O. Refunding					
Bonds of 2016B	2,245,000	2.00	12/01/16	02/01/28	1,015,000
G.O. Refunding					
Bonds of 2018A	4,195,000	2.1 - 3.250	12/04/18	02/01/31	2,850,000
G.O. Refunding					
Bonds of 2020A	6,020,000	1.15 - 2.00	11/04/20	02/01/36	5,399,997
Total G.O. Revenue Bonds					\$ 22,109,213

Annual net operating revenues and transfers in, principal and interest payments, and the percentage of revenue required to cover principal and interest payment are as follows:

	Water		Sewer		Storm		
Net Operating Revenues	\$ 2,137,209	\$	2,781,893	\$	140,541		
Principal and Interest	1,438,336		943,613		359,393		
Percentage of Revenues	67	%	34 %	,	256 %		

Note 3: Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation revenue bonds are as follows:

	B	Business-type Activities						
Year Ending	G.O. Revenue Bonds							
December 31,	Principal		Interest		Total			
2024	\$ 2,349,214	\$	542,079	\$	2,891,293			
2025	2,235,000		483,581		2,718,581			
2026	2,184,999		426,920		2,611,919			
2027	1,925,000		372,851		2,297,851			
2028	1,985,001		319,862		2,304,863			
2029 - 2033	8,089,999		916,485		9,006,484			
2034 - 2037	3,340,000		131,842		3,471,842			
Total	<u>\$ 22,109,213</u>	\$	3,193,620	\$	25,302,833			

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities G.O. improvement bonds G.O. tax increment bonds Bond premium	\$ 11,414,253 2,627,000 99,632		\$ (2,253,467) (544,000) (17,969)	\$ 9,160,786 2,083,000 81,663	\$ 1,615,786 384,000 -
Compensated absences payable	272,827	177,020	(197,735)	252,112	151,267
Total	\$ 14,413,712	\$ 177,020	<u>\$ (3,013,171)</u>	\$ 11,577,561	<u>\$ 2,151,053</u>
Business-type Activities G.O. revenue bonds Bond premium Compensated absences payable	\$ 24,245,746 209,387 <u>69,830</u>	74,372	\$ (2,136,533) (18,494) <u>(72,995)</u>	\$ 22,109,213 190,893 <u>71,207</u>	\$ 2,349,214 - 42,724
Total	\$ 24,524,963	\$ 74,372	\$ (2,228,022)	\$ 22,371,313	\$ 2,391,938

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

A. Plan Description

The City participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota statutes*, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

General Employees Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the City are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

Public Employees Police and Fire Plan

The Police and Fire Plan, originally established for police officers and firefighters not covered by a local relief association, now covers all police officers and firefighters hired since 1980. Effective July 1, 1999, the Police and Fire Plan also covers police officers and firefighters belonging to a local relief association that elected to merge with and transfer assets and administration to PERA.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase of the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

City of Mound, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

Police and Fire Plan Benefits

Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2010, but before July 1, 2014, vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after five years up to 100 percent after ten years of credited service. Benefits for Police and Fire Plan members first hired after June 30, 2014 vest on a prorated basis from 50 percent after ten years up to 100 percent after twenty years of credited service. The annuity accrual rate is 3 percent of average salary for each year of service. For Police and Fire Plan members who were first hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal at least 90.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is fixed at 1 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least 25 months but less than 36 months as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase.

C. Funding Policy

Minnesota statutes, chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The City's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are outlined in the chart below. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

Police and Fire Plan Contributions

Police and Fire Plan members were required to contribute 11.80 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the City was required to contribute 17.70 percent for Police and Fire Plan members. The City's contributions to the Police and Fire Fund for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are outlined in the chart below. The City's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

The City's contributions to General Employees Plan and Police and Fire Plan for the years ending December 31, 2023, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	 2023	 2022	2021		
Coordinated Police and Fire	\$ 152,998 20,150	\$ 144,322 18,873	\$	143,297 20,722	
Total	\$ 173,148	\$ 163,195	\$	164,019	

The City's contributions were equal to the contractually required contributions for each year as set by Minnesota statute.

City of Mound, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2023

Note 5: Other Information

A. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries insurance. The City obtains insurance through participation in the League of Minnesota Cities Insurance Trust (LMCIT), which is a risk sharing pool with approximately 800 other governmental units. The City pays an annual premium to LMCIT for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. The LMCIT is self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure for claims above a prescribed dollar amount for each insurance event. Settled claims have not exceeded the City's coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. An excess coverage insurance policy covers individual claims in excess of \$1,000,000. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The City's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

B. Legal Debt Margin

In accordance with Minnesota statutes, the City may not incur or be subject to net debt in excess of three percent of the market value of taxable property within the City. Net debt is payable solely from ad valorem taxes and therefore, excludes debt financed partially or entirely by special assessments, enterprise fund revenues or tax increments. As of December 31, 2023, the City is under the legal debt margin.

C. Tax Increment Districts

The City's tax increment districts are subject to review by the State of Minnesota Office of the State Auditor (OSA). Any disallowed claims or misuse of tax increments could become a liability of the applicable fund. Management has indicated that they are not aware of any instances of noncompliance which would have a material effect on the financial statements.

The City has entered into "pay as you go" Tax Increment Financing notes within its TIF districts. These notes are payable only to the extent of the increment received. As a result, they are a commitment within the district but they have not met the criteria to be reported as a liability on the Statement of Net Position.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

City of Mound, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and temporary investments Special assessments receivable Due from other funds Prepaid items	\$ 779,465 - - 7,084	\$ 606,942 5,701 2,059,508 -	\$ 1,386,407 5,701 2,059,508 7,084
Total Assets	\$ 786,549	<u>\$ 2,672,151</u>	\$ 3,458,700
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 27,100	\$ 113,154	\$ 140,254
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - special assessments	<u>-</u>	5,701	5,701
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Total Fund Balances	7,084 - <u>752,365</u> 759,449	- 553,908 1,999,388 2,553,296	7,084 553,908 2,751,753 3,312,745
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 786,549	\$ 2,672,151	\$ 3,458,700

City of Mound, Minnesota Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Devenues		Special Revenue		Capital Projects		lonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues Droperty toyoo	Ś	71,150	Ś	511 010	Ś	582,169
Property taxes	Ş	276,586	Ş	511,019	Ş	276,586
Licenses and permits Intergovernmental		270,380		75,737		270,380 75,737
Charges for services		_		70,000		70,000
Special assessments		_		70,000 567		70,000 567
Interest on investments		28,094		507		28,094
Miscellaneous		28,094 662		_		28,094 662
Total Revenues		376,492		657 222		1,033,815
rotal Revenues		370,492		657,323		1,033,815
Expenditures Current						
Culture and recreation		142,994		-		142,994
Housing and economic development		43,320		1,906		45,226
Capital outlay						
General government		-		23,925		23,925
Public works		-		255,838		255,838
Culture and recreation		95,525		208,985		304,510
Housing and economic development		31,256		104,417		135,673
Total Expenditures		313,095		595,071		908,166
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		63,397		62,252		125,649
		· · · ·				· · ·
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-		330,000		330,000
Sale of capital assets		-		1,231		1,231
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		331,231		331,231
Net Change in Fund Balances		63,397		393,483		456,880
Fund Balances, January 1		696,052		2,159,813		2,855,865
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	759,449	\$	2,553,296	\$	3,312,745

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources. They are usually required by Minnesota statute or local ordinance to finance particular functions or activities of government.

Dock - The purpose of this fund is to account for the revenue and expenditures of dock activity located along City owned lakeshore.

HRA - The purpose of this fund is to account for activities related to administering the Mound Housing and Redevelopment Authority.

City of Mound, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	281	285	
	 Dock	 HRA	 Total
Assets Cash and temporary investments Prepaid items	\$ 360,995 5,908	\$ 418,470 1,176	\$ 779,465 7,084
Total Assets	\$ 366,903	\$ 419,646	\$ 786,549
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 4,912	\$ 22,188	\$ 27,100
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable for prepaid items Assigned for	5,908	1,176	7,084
Housing and redevelopment authority	-	396,282	396,282
Culture and recreation	 356,083	-	 356,083
Total Fund Balances	 361,991	 397,458	 759,449
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 366,903	\$ 419,646	\$ 786,549

City of Mound, Minnesota Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	281	285	
	Dock	HRA	Total
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 71,150	\$ 71,150
Licenses and permits	185,936	90,650	276,586
Interest on investments	15,800	12,294	28,094
Miscellaneous	 133	529	662
Total Revenues	 201,869	174,623	376,492
Expenditures Current Culture and recreation Housing and economic development Capital outlay Culture and recreation Housing and economic development Total Expenditures	 142,994 - 95,525 - 238,519	 43,320 - 31,256 74,576	 142,994 43,320 95,525 31,256 313,095
Net Change in Fund Balances	(36,650)	100,047	63,397
Fund Balances, January 1	 398,641	 297,411	 696,052
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 361,991	\$ 397,458	\$ 759,449

City of Mound, Minnesota Dock Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

			2022									
		Budgeted	Amou	unts		Actual	Vari	ance with		Actual		
		Original		Final	A	mounts	Fin	al Budget	A	mounts		
Revenues												
Licenses and permits	\$	184,800	\$	184,800	\$	185,936	\$	1,136	\$	186,885		
Interest on investments		-		-		15,800		15,800		4,319		
Miscellaneous		-		-		133		133		100		
Total Revenues		184,800		184,800		201,869		17,069		191,304		
Expenditures												
Current												
Culture and recreation												
Personnel services		86,523		86,523		81,556		4,967		66,438		
Supplies		5,800		5,800		3,073	2,727			12,182		
Other services and charges		51,920		51,920		58,365		(6,445)		49,735		
Capital outlay												
Culture and recreation		35,000		35,000		95,525		(60,525)		6,240		
Total Expenditures		179,243		179,243		238,519		(59,276)		134,595		
Net Change in Fund Balances		5,557		5,557		(36,650)		(42,207)		56,709		
Fund Balances, January 1		398,641		398,641		398,641		398,641				341,932
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	404,198	\$	404,198	\$ 361,991		<u>\$ 361,991 </u> \$ (42,207)		(42,207)	\$	398,641	

City of Mound, Minnesota HRA Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		2023									
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Varia	ance with		Actual	
	(Driginal	Final		Amounts		Fina	l Budget	A	mounts	
Revenues											
Property taxes	\$	71,150	\$	71,150	\$	71,150	\$	-	\$	72,405	
Licenses and permits		85,100		85,100		90,650		5,550		92,050	
Interest on investments		-		-		12,294		12,294		4,424	
Miscellaneous		-		-		529		529		-	
Total Revenues		156,250		156,250		174,623		18,373		168,879	
Expenditures											
Current											
Housing and economic development											
Supplies		1,500		1,500		1,208		292		828	
Other services and charges		38,518		38,518		42,112		(3,594)		48,267	
Capital outlay											
Housing and economic development		8,000		8,000		31,256		(23,256)		16,304	
Total Expenditures		48,018		48,018		74,576		(26,558)		65,399	
Net Change in Fund Balances		108,232		108,232		100,047		(8,185)		103,480	
Fund Balances, January 1		297,411		297,411		297,411				193,931	
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	405,643	\$	405,643	\$	397,458	\$	(8,185)	\$	297,411	

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NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital project funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities, infrastructure, and equipment not financed by enterprise or special revenue funds.

Capital Replacement Equipment - This fund accounts for equipment and vehicle purchases for general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation. Financing comes from the general levy.

Community Investment - This fund accounts for expenditures on parks, open spaces and street scape. Financing comes from the general levy and park dedication fees.

Capital Replacement Buildings - This fund accounts for building improvements to the general government, public safety, public works, and culture and recreation building structures. Financing comes from the general levy.

Street Maintenance - This fund accounts for the five-year rotating sealcoat on City streets. Financing comes primarily from the City's Municipal Liquor fund profits.

Tax Increment Financing District 1-1 - The Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-1 was created to facilitate construction of a senior housing community with an affordable component in the City. This fund accounts for the financial activity relating to this project.

Tax Increment Financing District 1-3 - The Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-3 was created to facilitate construction of a mixed use residential and commercial project in the City. This fund accounts for the financial activity relating to this project.

City of Mound, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	Re	403 Capital placement		404 ommunity	Re	405 Capital placement		427 Street	454	475	
A	E	quipment	١n	vestment	t	Buildings	Ma	aintenance	 TIF 1-1	 TIF 1-3	 Total
Assets Cash and temporary investments Special assessments receivable Due from other funds	\$	- - 735,209	\$	- - 205,422	\$	- - 299,191	\$	- 5,701 819,686	\$ 96,896 - -	\$ 510,046 - -	\$ 606,942 5,701 2,059,508
Total Assets	\$	735,209	\$	205,422	\$	299,191	\$	825,387	\$ 96,896	\$ 510,046	\$ 2,672,151
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	1,994	\$	57,760	\$	-	\$	366	\$ 53,034	\$ -	\$ 113,154
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - special assessments		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		5,701	 	 	 5,701
Fund Balances Restricted for economic development Assigned for capital improvements and equipment Total Fund Balances		- 733,215 733,215		- 147,662 147,662		- 299,191 299,191		- 819,320 819,320	 43,862 - 43,862	 510,046 - 510,046	 553,908 1,999,388 2,553,296
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	735,209	\$	205,422	\$	299,191	\$	825,387	\$ 96,896	\$ 510,046	\$ 2,672,151

City of Mound, Minnesota Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Exhibit C-2

	403 Capital Replacement Equipment	404 Community Investment	405 Capital Replacement Buildings	427 Street Maintenance	454 TIF 1-1	475 TIF 1-3	Total
Revenues							
Taxes	\$-	\$ 320,000	\$ 75,000	\$	\$ 116,019	\$-	\$ 511,019
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	75,737	-	-	75,737
Charges for services	-	70,000	-	-	-	-	70,000
Special assessments	-	-	-	567	-	-	567
Total Revenues		390,000	75,000	76,304	116,019		657,323
Expenditures Current							
Housing and economic development Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	1,906	-	1,906
General government	23,925	-	-	-	-	-	23,925
Public works	40,420	1,902	8,050	205,466	-	-	255,838
Culture and recreation	-	200,935	8,050	-	-	-	208,985
Housing and economic development	-	-	-	-	104,417	-	104,417
Total Expenditures	64,345	202,837	16,100	205,466	106,323	-	595,071
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(64,345)	187,163	58,900	(129,162)	9,696		62,252
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	330,000	-	-	330,000
Sale of capital assets	-	1,231	-	-	-		1,231
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	1,231	-	330,000	-	-	331,231
Net Change in Fund Balances	(64,345)	188,394	58,900	200,838	9,696	-	393,483
Fund Balances, January 1	797,560	(40,732)	240,291	618,482	34,166	510,046	2,159,813
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 733,215	\$ 147,662	\$ 299,191	\$ 819,320	\$ 43,862	\$ 510,046	\$ 2,553,296

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City of Mound, Minnesota General Fund Balance Sheets December 31, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022
Assets	^	0.040.014	~	0.000.005
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	3,942,914	\$	3,862,965
Accounts		86,081		88,872
Taxes		93,889		98,615
Special assessments		87,895		98,998
Due from other governments		7,317		21,261
Due from other funds		791,479		21,201
Prepaid items		9,576		1,360
		5,676		1,000
Total Assets	\$	5,019,151	\$	4,172,071
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	185,774	\$	197,112
Due to other governments		1,516		3,543
Deposits payable		583,615		430,083
Accrued salaries payable		34,454		33,285
Total Liabilities		805,359		664,023
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		59,128		55,507
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		86,945		98,471
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		146,073		153,978
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable for				
Prepaid items		9,576		1,360
Restricted for				
Public safety		411,697		-
Assigned for				
Severance pay		252,112		272,827
Budget deficit		-		135,082
Unassigned		3,394,334		2,944,801
Total Fund Balances		4,067,719		3,354,070
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	5,019,151	\$	4,172,071

City of Mound, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

	2023										
	Budgeteo	Amounts	Actual	Variance With	2022 Actual						
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts						
Revenues											
Taxes											
General property taxes											
Current	\$ 4,091,639	\$ 4,091,639	\$ 4,328,298	\$ 236,659	\$ 3,503,692						
Delinquent	50,000	50,000	33,228	(16,772)	48,689						
Fiscal disparities	450,000	450,000	434,366	(15,634)	462,204						
Penalties and interest	10,000	10,000	8,983	(1,017)	13,747						
Franchise tax	372,000	372,000	370,841	(1,159)	381,925						
Total taxes	4,973,639	4,973,639	5,175,716	202,077	4,410,257						
Licenses and permits	233,850	233,850	374,943	141,093	266,869						
Intergovernmental State											
Local government aid	168,842	168,842	168,842	-	313,146						
Public safety aid	-	-	411,697	411,697	-						
State aid for streets	30,000	30,000	30,000	-	30,000						
PERA aid	-	-	2,475	2,475	-						
Other state grants and aid	-	-	12,953	12,953	13,438						
Total intergovernmental	198,842	198,842	625,967	427,125	356,584						
Charges for services	433,088	433,088	553,783	120,695	479,115						
Fines and forfeitures	28,000	28,000	40,173	12,173	35,427						
Special assessments	12,000	12,000	33,838	21,838	14,996						
Interest on investments	20,000	20,000	292,288	272,288	95,808						
Miscellaneous											
Refunds and reimbursements	25,000	25,000	65,736	40,736	28,066						
Other	40,000	40,000	46,146	6,146	57,413						
Total miscellaneous	65,000	65,000	111,882	46,882	85,479						
Total Revenues	5,964,419	5,964,419	7,208,590	1,244,171	5,744,535						
Other Financing Sources											
Transfers in	300,000	300,000	300,000	-	250,000						
Sale of capital assets			50,113	50,113							
Total Other											
Financing Sources	300,000	300,000	350,113	50,113	250,000						
Total Revenues and											
Other Financing Sources	\$ 6,264,419	\$ 6,264,419	\$ 7,558,703	\$ 1,294,284	\$ 5,994,535						

City of Mound, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual (Continued on the Following Pages) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		2022									
		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Varia	ance With	Actual		
	0	Original		Final		mounts	Fina	al Budget	Α	mounts	
Expenditures											
Current											
General government											
Mayor and city council											
Personnel services	\$	24,361	\$	24,361	\$	24,000	\$	361	\$	24,348	
Supplies		4,200		4,200		5,430		(1,230)		5,508	
Other services and charges		70,760		70,760		66,541		4,219		57,799	
Total mayor and city council		99,321		99,321		95,971		3,350		87,655	
City manager											
Personnel services		201,867		201,867		201,856		11		190,668	
Supplies		1,075		1,075		409		666		396	
Other services and charges		5,700		5,700		25,328		(19,628)		1,576	
Total city manager		208,642		208,642		227,593		(18,951)		192,640	
Election and voters' registration											
Supplies		-		-		840		(840)		1,041	
Other services and charges		3,100		3,100		85		3,015		22,030	
Total election and voters' registration		3,100		3,100		925		2,175		23,071	
Assessing											
Other services and charges		137,000		137,000		138,361		(1,361)		132,000	
Finance											
Personnel services		441,752		441,752		487,024		(45,272)		423,915	
Supplies		3,500		3,500		3,693		(193)		3,721	
Other services and charges		21,035		21,035		52,291		(31,256)		13,411	
Total finance		466,287		466,287		543,008		(76,721)		441,047	
Computer											
Supplies		8,000		8,000		1,840		6,160		5,502	
Other services and charges		57,500		57,500		51,925		5,575		54,770	
Total computer		65,500		65,500		53,765		11,735		60,272	
Legal											
Other services and charges		150,400		150,400		175,309		(24,909)		127,213	

City of Mound, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		2022			
	Budgeted A	20 Amounts	Actual	Variance With	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued)					
Current (continued)					
General government (continued)					
City hall					
Supplies	\$ 4,500	\$ 4,500	\$ 3,923	\$ 577	\$ 4,062
Other services and charges	36,700	36,700	39,836	(3,136)	44,718
Total city hall	41,200	41,200	43,759	(2,559)	48,780
City property					
Supplies	2,000	2,000	1,548	452	1,212
Other services and charges	55,200	55,200	77,699	(22,499)	81,215
Total city property	57,200	57,200	79,247	(22,047)	82,427
Miscellaneous					
Personnel services	3,000	3,000		3,000	
Total general government	1,231,650	1,231,650	1,357,938	(126,288)	1,195,105
Public safety					
Police protection					
Personnel services	529	529	612	(83)	529
Other services and charges	2,043,000	2,043,000	2,036,734	6,266	1,939,224
Total public safety	2,043,529	2,043,529	2,037,346	6,183	1,939,753
Emergency preparedness					
Personnel services	36,339	36,339	36,340	(1)	34,859
Supplies	2,440	2,440	318	2,122	1,676
Other services and charges	10,940	10,940	14,164	(3,224)	9,922
Total emergency preparedness	49,719	49,719	50,822	(1,103)	46,457
Planning and inspection					
Personnel services	295.535	295,535	289.620	5.915	279.239
Supplies	6,700	6,700	8,586	(1,886)	3,986
Other services and charges	209.040	209,040	383,066	(174,026)	228,206
Total planning and inspection	511,275	511,275	681,272	(169,997)	511,431
Total public safety	2,604,523	2,604,523	2,769,440	(164,917)	2,497,641
Public works					
Streets					
Personnel services	474,518	474,518	430,542	43,976	350,836
Supplies	179,250	179,250	170,356	8,894	196,363
Other services and charges	311,710	311,710	393,382	(81,672)	349,784
Total public works	965,478	965,478	994,280	(28,802)	896,983
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	200,170	221,200	(20,002)	0,000

City of Mound, Minnesota General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Budget and Actual (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended December 31, 2022)

		20	023		2022
	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With	Actual
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	Amounts
Expenditures (Continued) Current (continued) Culture and recreation					
Parks Personnel services Supplies Other services and charges Total parks	\$ 341,029 76,950 158,800 576,779	\$ 341,029 76,950 158,800 576,779	\$ 342,287 92,052 291,041 725,380	\$ (1,258) (15,102) (132,241) (148,601)	\$ 281,984 93,762 217,411 593,157
Cable TV Other services and charges	42,000	42,000	18,945	23,055	23,328
Total culture and recreation	618,779	618,779	744,325	(125,546)	616,485
Total Expenditures	5,420,430	5,420,430	5,865,983	(445,553)	5,206,214
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	979,071	979,071	979,071		757,946
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$ 6,399,501	\$ 6,399,501	\$ 6,845,054	\$ (445,553)	\$ 5,964,160

City of Mound, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued on the Following Page) December 31, 2023

	lr R	355 G.O. Tax crement efunding Bonds 2013B	R	370 G.O. efunding Bonds 2011A	lr R	375 G.O. Tax acrement efunding Bonds 2018A		350 Tax patement Bonds ries 2015B		362 G.O. efunding Bonds 2016B	lm	363 G.O. provement Bonds 2018A
Assets Cash and temporary investments Receivables Taxes Special assessments Due from other funds	\$	679,822 4,585 - -	\$	138,260 - 8,351 -	\$	455,406 3,591 - -	\$	229,893 - - -	\$	- 20,954 -	\$	233,918 - 87,648 -
Total Assets Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	<u>\$</u> \$	<u>684,407</u> 2,812	\$ \$	<u>146,611</u> -	\$ \$	458,997	<u>\$</u> \$	229,893	\$ \$	20,954 - 57,434	<u>\$</u> \$	321,566
Total Liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue - special assessments		2,812		- 7,978		1,247		-		20,511		- 87,648
Fund Balances Restricted for debt service Total Deferred and Liabilities Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	681,595 684,407	Ś	<u>138,633</u> 146,611	 \$	457,750 458,997	Ś	229,893	Ś	(56,991) 20,954	Ś	233,918 321,566

City of Mound, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) December 31, 2018

Exhibit E-1

		364		365	371		310		311		312		313	
	lmp	G.O. provement Bonds 2020A	Im	G.O. provement Bonds 2012A	G.O. efunding Bonds 2012B	Im	G.O. provement Bonds 2013A	Im	G.O. provement Bonds 2014A	Im	G.O. provement Bonds 2015A		G.O. provement Bonds 2016A	Total
Assets														
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$	580,483	\$	588,979	\$ 74,524	\$	601,745	\$	360,469	\$	296,828	Ş	147,663	\$ 4,387,990
Taxes		-		-	-		-		-		-		-	8,176
Special assessments		165,243		205,551	-		246,212		105,397		145,293		166,131	1,150,780
Due from other funds		-		57,434	 				-		-			 57,434
Total Assets	\$	745,726	\$	851,964	\$ 74,524	\$	847,957	\$	465,866	\$	442,121	\$	313,794	\$ 5,604,380
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	12	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,071
Due to other funds		-		-	 -		-		-		-		-	 57,434
Total Liabilities		-		-	-		12		-		-		-	61,505
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Unavailable revenue - special assessments		165,243		205,551	-		245,789		105,183		143,448		164,978	1,146,329
Fund Balances														
Restricted for debt service		580,483		646,413	74,524		602,156		360,683		298,673		148,816	4,396,546
		000,400		0-10,-110	 74,024		002,100		000,000		290,070		140,010	 4,000,040
Total Deferred and Liabilities Inflows of Resources														
and Fund Balances	\$	745,726	\$	851,964	\$ 74,524	\$	847,957	\$	465,866	\$	442,121	\$	313,794	\$ 5,604,380

City of Mound, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued on the Following Page) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	In Re	355 G.O. Tax crement efunding Bonds 2013B	370 G.O. efunding Bonds 2011A	Ir	375 G.O. Tax acrement efunding Bonds 2018A	350 Tax patement Bonds ries 2015B	362 G.O. efunding Bonds 2016B	•	363 G.O. rovement Bonds 2018A
Revenues									
Taxes	\$	607,621	\$ 179,054	\$	200,033	\$ 178,850	\$ 50,000	\$	215,600
Special assessments		-	 6,885		-	 -	 25,967		58,705
Total Revenues		607,621	 185,939		200,033	 178,850	 75,967		274,305
Expenditures Current		06.060			1 1 0 0				
Housing and economic development		26,968	-		1,102	-	-		-
Debt service		41 4 000	110 467		100.000	115 000	00.000		0.40,000
Principal		414,000	113,467		130,000	115,000	90,000		240,000
Interest and other		48,969	 6,329		56,585	 60,825	 3,172		25,740
Total Expenditures		489,937	 119,796		187,687	 175,825	 93,172		265,740
Net Change in Fund Balances		117,684	66,143		12,346	3,025	(17,205)		8,565
Fund Balances, January 1		563,911	 72,490		445,404	 226,868	 (39,786)		225,353
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	681,595	\$ 138,633	\$	457,750	\$ 229,893	\$ (56,991)	\$	233,918

City of Mound, Minnesota Debt Service Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

Exhibit E-2

	364		365		371		310	311	312	313	
	G.O. provement Bonds 2020A	·	G.O. provement Bonds 2012A	F	G.O. Refunding Bonds 2012B	Imj	G.O. provement Bonds 2013A	G.O. provement Bonds 2014A	G.O. provement Bonds 2015A	G.O. provement Bonds 2016A	Total
Revenues											
Taxes	\$ 150,000	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$ 41,527	\$ 70,000	\$ 119,908	\$ 1,962,593
Special assessments	 57,244		65,003		-		61,153	 23,377	 55,366	 36,360	 390,060
Total Revenues	 207,244		115,003		-		161,153	 64,904	 125,366	 156,268	 2,352,653
Expenditures Current Housing and economic development	-		-		-		-	-	-	-	28,070
Debt service Principal	230,000		155,000		465.000		190,000	45.000	290,000	150,000	2,627,467
Interest and other	230,000 27,240		23,674		465,000 5,048		28,540	45,000 11,861	290,000 27,294	150,000 32,528	357,805
Total Expenditures	 257,240		178,674		470,048		218,540	 56,861	 317,294	 182,528	 3,013,342
Total Experiordites	 237,240		170,074		470,048		210,340	 30,001	 317,294	 102,320	 3,013,342
Net Change in Fund Balances	(49,996)		(63,671)		(470,048)		(57,387)	8,043	(191,928)	(26,260)	(660,689)
Fund Balances, January 1	 630,479		710,084		544,572		659,543	 352,640	 490,601	 175,076	 5,057,235
Fund Balances, December 31	\$ 580,483	\$	646,413	\$	74,524	\$	602,156	\$ 360,683	\$ 298,673	\$ 148,816	\$ 4,396,546

City of Mound, Minnesota Summary Financial Report Revenues and Expenditures For General Operations -Governmental Funds For the Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	Tc	otal	Percent Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 8,111,317	\$ 8,008,543	1.28 %
Licenses and permits	651,529	545,804	19.37
Intergovernmental	895,007	613,210	45.95
Charges for services	1,172,228	1,012,965	15.72
Fines and forfeitures	40,173	35,427	13.40
Special assessments	486,193	556,170	(12.58)
Interest on investments	333,902	107,679	210.09
Miscellaneous	170,575	400,415	(57.40)
Total Revenues	\$ 11,860,924	\$ 11,280,213	5.15 %
Per Capita	\$ 1,262	\$ 1,200	5.17 %
Expenditures			
Current			
General government	\$ 1,357,938	\$ 1,195,105	13.62 %
Public safety	3,883,214	3,811,333	1.89
Public works	1,025,642	902,104	13.69
Culture and recreation	887,319	744,840	19.13
Housing and economic development	73,296	80,119	(8.52)
Capital outlay			
General government	23,925	-	100.00
Public safety	810,652	113,383	614.97
Public works	772,373	398,012	94.06
Culture and recreation	304,510	250,581	21.52
Housing and economic development	135,673	131,857	2.89
Debt service			
Principal	2,797,467	2,883,633	(2.99)
Interest and service charges	376,228	455,574	(17.42)
Total Expenditures	\$ 12,448,237	\$ 10,966,541	13.51 [°] %
Per Capita	\$ 1,325	\$ 1,167	13.54 %
Total Long-term Indebtedness	\$ 11,325,449	\$ 14,140,885	(19.91) %
Per Capita	1,205	1,505	(19.93)
General Fund Balance - December 31	\$ 4,067,719	\$ 3,354,070	21.28 %
Per Capita	433	357	21.29

The purpose of this report is to provide a summary of financial information concerning the City of Mound to interested citizens. The complete financial statements may be examined at City Hall, 2415 Wilshire Blvd, Mound, Minnesota 55364. Questions about this report should be directed to Noah Iverson, Finance Director at (952) 472-0608.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

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STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Mound's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relocates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Year	
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Governmental Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 6,361,642	\$ 7,349,615	\$ 8,497,543	\$ 13,280,560
Restricted	2,420,487	3,581,824	5,281,846	4,111,566
Unrestricted	6,659,303	7,175,984	7,602,371	6,712,355
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 15,441,432	\$ 18,107,423	\$ 21,381,760	\$ 24,104,481
Business-type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 4,875,047	\$ 4,610,738	\$ 4,410,201	\$ 6,786,181
Unrestricted	964,859	1,431,411	1,790,488	107,216
Total Business-type Activities Net Position	\$ 5,839,906	\$ 6,042,149	\$ 6,200,689	\$ 6,893,397
Total Primary Government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 11,236,689	\$ 11,960,353	\$ 12,907,744	\$ 20,066,741
Restricted	2,420,487	3,581,824	5,281,846	4,111,566
Unrestricted	7,624,162	8,607,395	9,392,859	6,819,571
Total Primary Government	\$ 21,281,338	\$ 24,149,572	\$ 27,582,449	\$ 30,997,878

Fisca	l Year		
)	2021	2022	2023

<u>Table 1</u>

\$ 13,956,997	\$ 17,556,048	\$ 18,938,946	\$ 20,354,790	\$ 21,756,632	\$ 24,065,317
5,618,075	3,948,634	3,796,206	4,248,389	4,268,616	4,291,949
7,244,477	7,836,557	9,026,779	8,510,817	9,560,609	9,976,119
\$ 26,819,549	\$ 29,341,239	\$ 31,761,931	\$ 33,113,996	\$ 35,585,857	\$ 38,333,385
\$ 7,131,553	\$ 10,874,807	\$ 14,219,103	\$ 10,140,949	\$ 12,564,557	\$ 14,404,734
(267,659)	(3,920,428)	(6,677,620)	(1,513,360)	(2,848,684)	(3,240,643)
\$ 6,863,894	\$ 6,954,379	\$ 7,541,483	\$ 8,627,589	\$ 9,715,873	<u>\$ 11,164,091</u>
\$ 21,088,550	\$ 28,430,855	\$ 33,158,049	\$ 30,495,739	\$ 34,321,189	\$ 38,470,051
5,618,075	3,948,634	3,796,206	4,248,389	4,268,616	4,291,949
6,976,818	<u>3,916,129</u>	2,349,159	6,997,457	6,711,925	6,735,476
\$ 33,683,443	\$ 36,295,618	\$ 39,303,414	\$ 41,741,585	\$ 45,301,730	\$ 49,497,476

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Changes in Net Position (Continued of the Following Pages) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2014	2015	2016	2017				
Expenses								
Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 1,011,092	\$ 1,143,872	\$ 1,137,472	\$ 1,168,554				
Public safety	3,094,017	3,345,326	3,563,263	3,760,227				
Public works	1,732,405	1,644,679	1,666,696	1,743,263				
Culture and recreation	673,660	707,988	651,029	710,673				
Housing and economic development	88,092	84,064	107,601	829,207				
Interest on long-term debt	1,048,331	930,353	912,412	882,349				
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	7,647,597	7,856,282	8,038,473	9,094,273				
Business-type activities								
Water	1,776,204	1,763,673	1,803,974	1,926,287				
Sewer	2,045,238	2,146,860	2,097,118	2,096,323				
Municipal liquor	2,699,280	2,732,378	2,848,011	2,923,079				
Recycling	181,571	182,673	182,133	200,399				
Storm water	378,573	375,853	389,394	393,363				
HRA public housing	327,318	330,939	320,944	-				
Total Business-type Activities Expenses	7,408,184	7,532,376	7,641,574	7,539,451				
	Å 15 055 701	¢ 15 000 (50	<u>.</u>	<u>6 16 600 704</u>				
Total Expenses	\$ 15,055,781	<u>\$ 15,388,658</u>	\$ 15,680,047	\$ 16,633,724				
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities								
Charges for services								
General government	\$ 300,624	\$ 340,691	\$ 350,087	\$ 341,676				
Public safety	865,539	1,222,890	1,310,451	1,382,033				
Public works	94,104	118,533	124,524	84,554				
Culture and recreation	228,854	231,716	253,328	294,000				
Housing and economic development	211,928	-	9,967	1,245				
Operating grants and contributions	113,136	251,738	125,361	148,745				
Capital grants and contributions	1,945,142	1,279,161	1,701,151	2,088,315				
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenue	3,759,327	3,444,729	3,874,869	4,340,568				
Business-type activities								
Charges for services								
Water	1,887,698	1,626,188	1,800,376	1,959,567				
Sewer	1,523,307	1,767,515	1,888,094	2,086,544				
Municipal liquor	2,887,315	2,919,731	2,965,068	3,053,772				
Recycling	169,744	177,849	183,141	183,394				
Storm water	404,162	479,588	507,892	553,576				
HRA public housing	132,679	133,205	141,163	129,839				
Operating grants and contributions	191,176	144,127	163,699	167,350				
Capital grants and contributions	54,243	77,855	115,521	72,570				
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenue	7,250,324	7,326,058	7,764,954	8,206,612				
Total Program Revenues	<u>\$ 11,009,651</u>	\$ 10,770,787	\$ 11,639,823	\$ 12,547,180				

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 1,105,111	\$ 1,071,883	\$ 1,730,674	\$ 1,970,602	\$ 1,200,506	\$ 1,353,093
3,684,407				\$ 1,200,506 4,199,967	
2,113,037	3,730,923 2,211,777	3,910,533 2,113,513	4,034,136 1,956,950	2,029,199	4,213,678 2,203,860
660,464	499,451	661,179	754,563	865,711	1,086,106
197,131	154,646	286,580	289,505	257,316	254,309
692,731	695,483	625,566	482,611	404,256	326,634
8,452,881	8,364,163	9,328,045	9,488,367	8,956,955	9,437,680
0,402,001	0,304,103	9,520,045	9,400,307	0,900,900	9,407,000
1,950,571	1,976,984	1,944,607	1,931,878	1,879,319	2,014,321
2,247,194	2,241,123	2,161,094	2,381,166	2,250,749	2,274,120
2,907,960	2,832,948	3,396,840	3,411,372	3,409,989	3,468,709
199,927	197,261	197,363	197,986	251,464	249,577
393,803	406,202	407,685	355,543	333,180	325,339
- 7,699,455	7,654,518	- 8,107,589	8,277,945	- 8,124,701	- 8,332,066
7,099,433	7,034,318	8,107,389	0,277,943	0,124,701	0,332,000
\$ 16,152,336	<u>\$ 16,018,681</u>	\$ 17,435,634	\$ 17,766,312	\$ 17,081,656	<u>\$ 17,769,746</u>
\$ 327,565	\$ 345,221	\$ 364,623	\$ 400,740	\$ 404,122	\$ 409,941
1,238,004	1,137,281	1,103,015	1,217,040	1,253,672	1,187,497
58,320	60,267	57,778	66,590	44,120	71,106
389,308	179,945	183,459	209,554	200,521	274,782
-	2,012	5,011	250	-	529
154,653	361,689	1,205,813	653,008	679,431	1,134,027
1,365,758	818,456	556,943	154,233	169,328	119,178
3,533,608	2,904,871	3,476,642	2,701,415	2,751,194	3,197,060
2,121,051	2,049,587	1,979,250	2,089,204	2,159,374	2,142,111
2,322,975	2,245,261	2,342,322	2,518,028	2,642,942	2,791,277
3,159,784	3,106,187	3,094,818	3,838,394	3,874,634	3,858,461
181,342	179,468	181,232	183,522	185,332	237,258
473,241	155,125	153,110	139,330	137,839	140,541
-, -			- ,	- ,	-
-	-	-	-	18,301	18,642
80,358	25,573	120,013	99,476	1,015	113,640
8,338,751	7,761,201	7,870,745	8,867,954	9,019,437	9,301,930
\$ 11,872,359	\$ 10,666,072	\$ 11,347,387	\$ 11,569,369	\$ 11,770,631	\$ 12,498,990

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Changes in Net Position (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year			
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Program Revenues (Continued)				
Net (expenses) revenues				
Governmental activities	\$ (3,888,270)	\$ (4,411,553)	\$ (4,163,604)	\$ (4,753,705)
Business-type activities	(157,860)	(206,318)	123,380	667,161
Total Primary Government	\$ (4,046,130)	\$ (4,617,871)	\$ (4,040,224)	\$ (4,086,544)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position				
Governmental activities				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 6,068,495	\$ 6,236,580	\$ 6,500,525	\$ 6,510,322
Franchise taxes	412,506	412,295	423,042	405,178
State grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	297,791	331,693	340,471	347,390
Unrestricted investment earnings	7,240	8,815	12,514	26,970
Gain on sale of capital assets	7,000	28,668	103,984	56,300
Transfers - internal activities	332,292	59,493	57,405	130,266
Special item - sale of property			(373,182)	
Total Governmental Activities General Revenues	7,125,324	7,077,544	7,064,759	7,476,426
Business-type activities				
Taxes				
Property taxes	-	-	-	-
Grants and contributions not				
restricted to specific programs	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,995	3,658	10,755	13,391
Gain on sale of capital assets	70,000	25,500	13,334	10,283
Transfers - internal activities	(332,292)	(59,493)	(57,405)	(130,266)
Total Business-type Activities General Revenues	(260,297)	(30,335)	(33,316)	(106,592)
Total Primary Government	\$ 6,865,027	\$ 7,047,209	\$ 7,031,443	\$ 7,369,834
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 3,237,054	\$ 2,665,991	\$ 2,901,155	\$ 2,722,721
Business-type activities	(418,157)	(236,653)	90,064	560,569
······				
Total Primary Government	\$ 2,818,897	\$ 2,429,338	\$ 2,991,219	\$ 3,283,290

Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
\$ (4,919,273) 639,296 \$ (4,279,977)	\$ (5,459,292) 106,683 \$ (5,352,609)	\$ (5,851,403) (236,844) \$ (6,088,247)	\$ (6,786,952) 590,009 \$ (6,196,943)	\$ (6,205,761) 894,736 \$ (5,311,025)	\$ (6,240,620) 969,864 \$ (5,270,756)					
\$ 6,638,769 406,501 383,843 63,111 14,045 128,072 - 7,634,341	\$ 6,856,784 400,811 384,321 85,578 77,793 175,695 - 7,980,982	\$ 7,211,433 397,104 406,616 27,938 54,004 175,000 - 8,272,095	\$ 7,164,926 386,787 313,146 11,443 62,715 200,000 - 8,139,017	\$ 7,619,480 381,925 313,146 107,679 5,392 250,000 - - 8,677,622	\$ 7,744,097 370,841 168,842 333,902 70,466 300,000 - - 8,988,148					
- 36,823 - (128,072) (91,249) \$ 7,543,092	- 49,953 - (175,695) (125,742) \$ 7,855,240	- 1,739 - (175,000) (173,261) \$ 8,098,834	180,000 362,124 2,490 (200,000) 344,614 \$ 8,483,631	180,000 332,432 21,664 - (250,000) 284,096 \$ 8,961,718	360,000 344,609 66,556 7,189 (300,000) 478,354 \$ 9,466,502					
\$ 2,715,068 548,047 \$ 3,263,115	\$ 2,521,690 (19,059) \$ 2,502,631	\$ 2,420,692 (410,105) \$ 2,010,587	\$ 1,352,065 934,623 \$ 2,286,688	\$ 2,471,861 1,178,832 \$ 3,650,693	\$ 2,747,528 1,448,218 \$ 4,195,746					

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City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	F 	Property Tax	Franchise Tax		 Total
2014	\$	6,068,495	\$	412,506	\$ 6,347,029
2015		6,236,580		412,295	6,581,092
2016		6,500,525		423,042	6,481,001
2017		6,510,322		405,178	6,648,875
2018		6,638,769		406,501	6,923,567
2019		6,856,784		400,811	6,915,500
2020		7,211,433		397,104	7,045,270
2021		7,164,926		386,787	7,257,595
2022		7,619,480		381,925	7,551,713
2023		7,744,097		370,841	8,114,938

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fisca	l Yea	ar	
	 2014	 2015		2016	 2017
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 361,707	\$ 276,834	\$	190,739	\$ 100,673
Restricted	-	-		28,084	97,184
Assigned	272,860	290,300		344,560	460,695
Unassigned	 1,963,345	 2,347,131		2,725,710	 2,844,456
Total General Fund	\$ 2,364,649	\$ 2,597,912	\$	2,914,265	\$ 3,289,093
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$	106,665	\$ 107,760
Restricted	5,264,220	6,385,888		7,950,914	6,605,379
Assigned	2,463,334	2,636,566		2,607,179	1,656,628
Unassigned	 (42,244)	 (44,793)		(60,771)	 (90,310)
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 6,691,249	\$ 7,685,310	\$	8,977,661	\$ 10,603,987

Fiscal Year											
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023						
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,360	\$ 1,360	\$ 9,576						
20,019	20,019	-	-	-	411,697						
514,907	623,319	653,660	435,094	407,909	252,112						
2,797,187	2,599,151	2,673,660	2,887,241	2,944,801	3,394,334						
\$ 3,503,008	<u>\$ 3,332,113</u>	\$ 3,242,489	<u>\$ 3,327,320</u>	<u>\$ 3,323,695</u>	\$ 4,067,719						
\$ 107,760	\$ 7,084	\$ 7,084	\$ 682,798	\$ 682,798	\$ 7,084						
10,210,602	5,602,593	5,367,009	5,803,479	5,601,447	4,950,454						
1,719,268	2,472,757	3,843,073	4,071,325	4,832,984	5,194,363						
(148,250)	(175,825)	(191,339)	(19,794)	(40,732)							
\$ 8,279,457	\$ 11,889,380	\$ 7,906,609	\$ 9,025,827	\$ 10,537,808	\$ 10,151,901						

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year							
	2014	2015	2016	2017				
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 6,512,580	\$ 6,615,397	\$ 6,928,660	\$ 6,953,226				
Licenses and permits	435,867	483,454	502,724	554,878				
Intergovernmental	622,969	914,000	1,366,113	1,831,317				
Charges for services	908,848	985,139	1,039,223	1,133,595				
Fines and forfeitures	65,071	57,242	44,022	43,137				
Special assessments	1,231,481	1,210,186	1,123,120	1,147,612				
Interest on investments	7,240	8,815	12,514	26,970				
Miscellaneous	574,203	536,145	462,248	372,969				
Total Revenues	9,899,231	10,358,259	10,810,378	11,478,624				
Expenditures								
General government	1,011,539	1,117,105	1,124,242	1,140,874				
Public safety	3,176,801	3,142,873	3,348,707	3,466,464				
Public works	764,378	734,442	702,586	744,369				
Culture and recreation	570,893	544,335	528,182	590,260				
Housing and economic development	38,466	38,724	57,906	69,393				
Capital outlay	1,261,780	1,248,810	4,037,845	3,796,979				
Debt service								
Principal	2,269,605	2,412,381	2,493,041	3,651,041				
Interest and other	1,091,765	991,165	901,350	901,505				
Total Expenditures	11,634,818	10,185,227	10,229,835	13,193,859				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,735,587)	173,032	580,543	(1,715,235)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	884,929	571,914	574,490	730,712				
Transfers out	(552,637)	(512,421)	(517,085)	(600,446)				
Bonds issued	1,655,000	6,100,000	3,555,000	(000,440)				
Bonds refunded	(940,000)	(5,160,000)	3,333,000	_				
Bond premium	(940,000)	(0,100,000)	-	_				
Sale of capital assets	7,000	28,668	103,984	56,300				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,025,966	1,054,292	1,028,161	3,716,389				
	3,023,900	1,034,292	1,020,101	3,710,009				
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 1,290,379	\$ 1,227,324	\$ 1,608,704	\$ 2,001,154				
Debt Service as a Percentage of								
Noncapital Expenditures	36.4%	37.0%	37.3%	36.5%				

Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023					
\$ 7,021,591 599,415 936,292 983,571 36,771 1,010,004 63,111 <u>396,589</u> 12,063,704	\$ 7,249,812 457,567 1,045,362 904,446 34,082 978,036 85,578 403,413 11,047,344	\$ 7,599,933 454,660 1,834,294 932,546 22,939 772,846 27,938 428,425 11,158,296	\$ 7,576,661 497,617 880,991 996,765 28,273 692,330 11,443 456,682 12,073,581	\$ 8,008,543 545,804 613,210 1,012,965 35,427 556,170 107,679 400,415 11,140,762	\$ 8,111,317 651,529 895,007 1,172,228 40,173 486,193 333,902 170,575 11,860,924					
1,084,064 3,423,371 768,371 589,083 82,659 1,503,725 2,900,702 891,521 14,360,885	1,063,703 3,454,487 856,014 539,612 57,833 1,123,514 2,953,022 750,994 11,243,496	1,694,250 3,568,621 789,247 582,428 92,800 1,454,967 2,891,119 683,479 10,799,179	1,137,971 3,719,610 740,960 607,339 78,575 971,788 2,821,633 517,245 11,756,911	1,195,105 3,811,333 902,104 744,840 80,119 893,833 2,883,633 455,574 10,595,121	1,357,938 3,883,214 1,025,642 887,319 73,296 2,047,133 2,797,467 <u>376,228</u> 12,448,237					
(2,297,181)	(196,152)	359,117	316,670	545,641	(587,313)					
1,635,107 (1,507,035) 3,325,000 - 168,063 14,045 186,566 \$ (2,110,615)	778,441 (602,746) - (4,685,000) - 77,793 3,635,180 \$ 3,439,028	823,653 (648,653) 2,450,000 (1,930,000) 138,375 54,004 (4,431,512) \$ (4,072,395)	895,970 (695,970) - - - - 762,715 887,379 \$ 1,204,049	1,007,946 (757,946) - - 5,392 962,715 \$ 1,508,356	1,279,071 (979,071) - - - 76,366 376,366 \$ (210,947)					
39.9%	37.5%	37.5%	33.4%	33.2%	29.3%					

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Tax Capacity and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Future Year, Current Year and Last Eight Fiscal Years (Shown by Year of Tax Collectability)

	2015	2016	2017	2018
Real Property Personal Property	\$ 1,059,788,500 5,124,200	\$ 1,078,295,400 5,002,600	\$ 1,175,358,600 5,203,600	\$ 1,225,075,100 5,925,000
Estimated Actual Value	\$ 1,064,912,700	\$ 1,083,298,000	\$ 1,180,562,200	\$ 1,231,000,100
Tax Capacity Contribution to Fiscal Disparities Pool Receivable from Fiscal Disparities Pool Tax Increment	\$ 10,766,187 (261,070) 861,823 (384,355)	\$ 10,992,202 (276,900) 848,636 (488,930)	\$ 12,084,264 (299,684) 887,186 (569,772)	\$ 12,659,733 (327,418) 966,291 (619,616)
Total Tax Capacity	\$ 10,982,585	\$ 11,075,008	\$ 12,101,994	\$ 12,678,990
Tax Levies General Debt service Fire relief Housing and redevelopment authority	\$ 3,496,123 1,981,068 67,171 177,835	\$3,601,007 1,981,102 67,063 197,008	\$ 3,492,976 2,031,250 68,560 200,410	\$ 3,580,301 2,056,154 68,001 218,404
Total	\$ 5,722,197	\$ 5,846,180	\$ 5,793,196	\$ 5,922,860
Tax Capacity Rate General Debt service Fire relief Housing and redevelopment authority	32.185 % 17.314 0.587 1.600	33.170 % 17.329 0.586 1.794	29.184 % 16.102 0.543 1.646	30.463 % 13.997 0.463 1.729
Total	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	46.652 %

* Included next years information to illustrate significant changes to property values

2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024*
\$ 1,337,495,900 6,047,600	\$ 1,418,721,500 5,994,800	\$ 1,558,252,100 6,312,600	\$ 1,620,531,800 2,630,500	\$ 2,052,698,200 2,785,200	\$ 2,242,535,200 2,612,800
\$ 1,343,543,500	\$ 1,424,716,300	\$ 1,564,564,700	\$ 1,623,162,300	\$ 2,055,483,400	\$ 2,245,148,000
\$ 13,917,172 (342,108) 1,061,728 (697,017)	\$ 14,896,070 (349,858) 1,061,178 (841,118)	\$ 16,540,281 (380,984) 1,130,208 (940,678)	\$ 17,173,702 (362,316) 1,168,519 (915,729)	\$ 22,239,866 (349,789) 1,089,124 (1,055,435)	\$ 24,531,151 (391,141) 1,082,365 (1,153,241)
\$ 13,939,775	\$ 14,766,272	\$ 16,348,827	\$ 17,064,176	\$ 21,923,766	\$ 24,069,134
\$ 3,949,614 1,794,582 74,601 227,735	\$ 4,153,801 1,763,189 76,093 248,555	\$ 4,485,665 1,727,048 78,379 248,555	\$ 4,889,744 1,636,591 79,115 248,555	\$5,516,693 1,336,089 82,839 250,000	\$ 6,552,764 1,104,742 86,571 250,000
\$ 6,046,532	\$ 6,241,638	\$ 6,539,647	\$ 6,854,005	\$ 7,185,621	\$ 7,994,077
28.156 % 12.793 0.532 1.626	28.083 % 11.921 0.514 1.688	27.287 % 10.564 0.479 1.508	28.676 % 9.598 0.464 1.453	24.864 % 6.023 0.378 1.124	27.262 % 4.596 0.360 1.035
43.107 %	42.206 %	39.838 %	40.191_%	32.389 %	33.253 %

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Property Tax Capacity Rates - Direct and Overlapping Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 7

Year Taxes Payable	City	City HRA	County	School	Watershed	Misc.	Total
2015	50.086 %	1.600 %	46.398 %	20.377 %	1.738 %	9.785 %	129.984 %
2016	51.085	1.794	45.356	19.991	1.724	9.530	129.480
2017	45.829	1.646	44.087	20.744	1.738	9.319	123.363
2018	44.923	1.729	42.808	20.298	1.694	8.973	120.425
2019	41.481	1.626	41.861	19.873	1.569	8.550	114.960
2020	40.518	1.688	41.084	19.062	1.493	8.219	112.064
2021	38.330	1.508	38.210	17.306	1.422	7.813	104.589
2022	38.738	1.453	38.535	16.531	1.368	7.849	104.474
2023	31.265	1.124	34.542	12.865	1.220	6.944	87.960
2024*	32.218	1.035	34.681	17.448	1.135	6.723	93.240

The direct rate of the City of Mound is calculated in more detail in Table 6 of this report. Please see page 116 for said calculation and detail. * Included next years information to illustrate changes to tax capacity

			2023				2014			
-	T (D)		Total		Percent of Total		Total		Percent of Total	
Taxpayer	Type of Property		Tax	Rank	Tax		Tax	Rank	Tax	
SCL Holdings-Mound, LLC	Commercial	\$	153,850	1	0.70 %	\$	109,930	1	1.11 %	
Harrison Bay Senior Living, LLC	Residential - Apartment		142,025	2	0.65		-		-	
Metro Storage -Mound LLC	Industrial		131,490	3	0.60		36,810	5	0.37	
Grandview Minnesota, LLC	Residential - Apartment		113,375	4	0.52		57,375	2	0.58	
Walgreens Company	Commercial		55,970	5	0.26		48,130	3	0.49	
EGR Premier Properties LLC	Commercial		53,250	6	0.24		-		-	
IKM Limited Partnership	Housing - Low Income		51,775	7	0.23		-		-	
Balboa Minnesota Co.	Industrial		40,750	8	0.19		45,833	4	0.46	
LHB Properties LLC	Residential - Apartment		40,225	9	0.18		-		-	
Residential Estate	Residential - LakeShore		36,425	10	0.17		-		-	
Goelzer/Richardson, LLP	Commercial		-		-		34,051	6	0.34	
Beth D. Saliterman	Commercial		-		-		25,950	7	0.26	
Wells Fargo Bank NA	Commercial		-		-		23,950	8	0.24	
Xcel Energy	Utilities		-		-		21,782	9	0.22	
Vernon & Nancy Hoium	Commercial		-		-		20,150	10	0.20	
Total		\$	819,135		3.74 %	\$	423,961		4.27 %	

Source: Hennepin County Taxpayer Services Department

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Levy	Collection of Current Year's Levy	Percentage of Levy Collected	Collection of Prior Years' Levy	Total Collections	Percentage of Total Collections to Levy
2014	\$ 5,631,592	\$ 5,583,247	99.14 %	48,345	\$ 5,631,592	100.00 %
2015	5,722,197	5,662,691	98.96	59,506	5,722,197	100.00
2016	5,846,180	5,792,843	99.09	53,337	5,846,180	100.00
2017	5,793,196	5,760,438	99.43	32,758	5,793,196	100.00
2018	5,922,860	5,873,097	99.16	44,420	5,917,517	99.91
2019	6,046,532	6,000,790	99.24	45,434	6,046,224	99.99
2020	6,241,638	6,195,301	99.26	45,992	6,241,293	99.99
2021	6,539,647	6,502,153	99.43	36,468	6,538,621	99.98
2022	6,854,005	6,812,203	99.39	35,297	6,847,500	99.91
2023	7,185,621	7,140,019	99.37	-	7,140,019	99.37

See the Tax Capacity and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property table on page 116 for tax levy information.

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Governmental Activities Business-type Activities					e Activities			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Tax Increment Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	General Obligation Revenue Bonds	General Obligation Bonds	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita
2014	\$ 25,862,825	\$ 7,530,000	\$-	\$-	\$ 26,731,175	\$-	\$60,124,000	12.16 %	\$ 6,309
2015	24,767,444	7,153,000	-	-	30,337,556	-	62,258,000	12.08	6,464
2016	26,262,403	6,720,000	-	-	34,122,597	-	67,105,000	13.00	6,693
2017	23,072,362	6,259,000	-	-	30,157,638	-	59,489,000	11.52	7,202
2018	22,108,660	7,647,000	-	-	32,476,340	-	62,232,000	11.43	6,333
2019	17,947,638	4,170,000	-	-	26,182,362	-	48,300,000	8.50	6,555
2020	16,081,519	3,665,000	-	-	28,348,481	-	48,095,000	5.63	5,167
2021	13,737,886	3,187,000	-	-	26,372,113	-	43,296,999	7.21	4,607
2022	11,414,253	2,627,000	-	-	24,245,746	-	38,286,999	6.03	4,074
2023	9,160,786	2,083,000	-	-	22,109,213	-	33,352,999	5.28	3,549

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. See the Demographic and Economic Statistics table on page 127 for personal income and population data.

<u>Table 10</u>

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	Tax Capacity	Gross Bonded Debt	Less Restricted Balance Debt Se	l Fund for	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Tax Capacity	Net Bonded Debt er Capita
2014	9,302	\$10,190,554	\$58,480,000	\$ 2,180),474	\$ 56,299,526	552.47 %	\$ 6,052
2015	9,302	10,982,585	60,124,000	2,553	3,254	57,570,746	524.20	6,189
2016	9,318	11,075,008	62,258,000	3,912	2,655	58,345,345	526.82	6,262
2017	9,394	12,101,994	67,105,000	3,738	8,591	63,366,409	523.60	6,745
2018	9,494	12,678,990	59,489,000	5,450	5,027	54,032,973	426.16	5,691
2019	9,347	13,939,775	62,232,000	3,710),794	58,521,206	419.81	6,261
2020	9,398	14,766,272	48,300,000	3,784	4,669	44,515,331	301.47	4,737
2021	9,398	16,348,827	43,296,999	3,709	9,635	39,587,364	242.14	4,212
2022	9,398	17,064,176	38,286,999	3,724	4,404	34,562,595	202.54	3,678
2023	9,398	21,923,766	33,352,999	3,320	5,344	30,026,655	136.96	3,195

Year 2020 population from US Census

See the Demographic and Economic Statistics table for population data.

See the Tax Capacity and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property table for tax capacity information.

	Total Debt	Net Debt Outstanding	Percent of Debt Applicable to City*	City of Mound Share of Debt
Direct Debt City of Mound	\$ 33,353,000	\$ 4,708,000	100.00 %	\$ 3,265,284
Overlapping Debt Hennepin County School District #277 Hennepin Suburb Park District Hennepin Regional RR Authority Metropolitan Council	1,423,815,000 27,385,000 59,870,000 81,665,000 1,694,829,000	1,027,985,000 27,385,000 54,980,000 81,665,000 238,225,000	0.87 30.48 1.20 0.87 0.43	9,190,110 8,099,822 595,861 701,415 385,809
Total Overlapping Debt	3,287,564,000	1,430,240,000	33.85	18,973,017
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 3,320,917,000	\$ 1,434,948,000	1.55 %	\$ 22,238,301

* The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable market property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable market value that is within the City's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable market value.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognized that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Source: Hennepin County Taxpayer Services Department

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year						
	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Debt Limit	\$ 28,838,049	\$ 31,947,381	\$ 32,498,940	\$ 35,416,866			
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit	200,000		730,000	730,000			
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 28,638,049	\$ 31,947,381	\$ 31,768,940	\$ 34,686,866			
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit	0.7%	0.0%	2.2%	2.1%			

Note: Under state law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 3 percent of the market value of taxable property. Prior to 2008, state law provided that general obligation debt should not exceed 2 percent. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for the extinguishment of those obligations.

	Fiscal Year										
2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023						
\$ 36,930,003	\$ 40,306,305	\$ 42,741,489	\$ 46,936,941	\$ 48,694,869	\$ 61,664,502						
680,000	625,000	570,000	515,000	975,000	350,000						
\$ 36,250,003	\$ 39,681,305	\$ 42,171,489	\$ 46,421,941	\$ 47,719,869	\$ 61,314,502						
1.8%	1.6%	1.3%	1.1%	2.0%	0.6%						
	Legal Debt Margir	Calculation:									
	Taxable Market V	alue			\$ 2,055,483,400						
	Debt Limit (3 Perc	ent of Market Value	e)		\$ 61,664,502						
	Debt Applicable to Limit										
	Legal Debt Margir	1			\$ 61,314,502						

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Revenue Bond Coverage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Table 14

Fiscal	(1) Gross	(2)	Net Revenue		De	(3) bt Service		Ratio of Net Revenue to
Year	Revenue	Expenses	Available	Principal		Interest	Total	Debt Service
2014	\$ 3,870,751	\$ 2,097,241	\$ 1,773,510	\$ 3,301,396	\$	782,482	\$ 4,083,878	.434 to 1
2015	4,196,173	2,155,556	2,040,617	1,263,620		663,207	1,926,827	1.059 to 1
2016	4,579,195	1,891,876	2,687,319	1,454,959		891,549	2,346,508	1.145 to 1
2017	4,921,545	1,960,196	2,961,349	3,964,959		887,248	4,852,207	.610 to 1
2018	4,449,973	2,256,588	2,193,385	1,876,298		692,110	2,568,408	.854 to 1
2019	4,451,230	2,217,821	2,233,409	3,084,378		805,699	3,890,077	.574 to 1
2020	4,725,326	2,045,367	2,679,959	1,943,881		753,808	2,697,689	.993 to 1
2021	4,850,623	2,286,992	2,563,631	1,976,368		680,934	2,657,302	.965 to 1
2022	4,820,238	2,151,139	2,669,099	2,126,367		657,565	2,783,932	.959 to 1
2023	5,059,643	2,325,663	2,733,980	2,136,533		604,809	2,741,342	.959 to 1

(1) Includes Water, Sewer and Storm Water Funds

(2) Excluding depreciation, interest on bonds, and transfers

(3) Includes Water, Sewer and Storm Water Funds

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Years

Table 15

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	Number of Households	Persons per Household	Total Personal Income	Per Capita Personal Income	Median Age	K-12 School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2014	9,302	4,045	2.30	494,550,132	53,166	44.2	2,253	3.0
2015	9,302	4,072	2.28	525,516,490	56,495	44.2	238	2.8
2016	9,318	4,089	2.28	538,123,818	57,751	42.0	2,321	2.7
2017	9,394	4,085	2.30	561,159,984	59,736	42.0	2,358	2.4
2018	9,494	4,089	2.32	595,226,330	62,695	46.0	2,460	2.1
2019	9,347	4,089	2.29	600,731,690	64,270	43.3	2,319	2.6
2020	9,398 (1)	4,173	2.25	631,677,172	67,214	43.5	2,482	4.4
2021	9,398 *	4,621	2.03	631,677,172	67,214	43.5	2,446	2.3
2022	9,398 *	4,435	2.12	675,828,976	71,912 (3)	44.3 (1)	2,418	2.6
2023	9,398 *	4,414 (1)	2.13 (2)	675,828,976 (2)	71,912 *	44.3 *	2,412 (4)	2.2 (5)

Sources

In general, all prior year data was extracted from previous City of Mound Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports.

- (1) US Department of Commerce Census Bureau
- (2) Calculated by the City
- (3) US Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (4) Westonka ISD
- (5) State of MN Department of Employment and Economic Development

* Information not available at the time of publication, so the previous year data was used. Information will be updated in future years.

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year											
Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
General Government	5	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	4		
Police												
Officers	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Civilians	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Reserve Officers (1)	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Fire												
Firefighters and officers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Volunteers (1)	40	39	39	39	38	39	39	40	39	40		
Public Works												
Engineering	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Maintenance	3	2	5	3	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Culture and Recreation												
Parks	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Seasonal Park Maintenance (2)	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3		
Economic Development												
Planning	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Code Enforcement	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Utilities	3	3	2	2	3	3	2	3	3	4		
Municipal Liquor Store	6	6	6	6	7	6	5	5	5	5		
Total	68	67	69	67	69	68	66	68	68	70		

(1) Total number of on-call volunteer fire fighters

(2) Nine full-time employees from late Spring through Summer

* The City contracts for its police services.

Source: City of Mound

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Fiscal Year																		
Function	2014	4	2	015	20	016		2017		2018		2019		2020	2	021	202	22		2023
Police																				
Police calls		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*
Physical arrests		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*
Parking violations		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*
Traffic violations		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*		*
Fire																				
Fire calls																				
Elections		525		550		588		596		602		568		597		659		723		677
Registered voters last election																				
Number of votes cast last election	6	6,100		6,100		6,195		6,195		6,213		6,213		6,719		6,719		6,502		6,502
Percentage of registered voters voting	3	8,893		3,893		5,561		5,661		4,961		4,961		6,235		6,235		4,895		4,895
Building/Engineering	63	3.82%		63.82%		91.38%		91.38%		79.85%		79.85%		92.80%		92.80%	7	5.28%		75.28%
Permits issued																				
Value of permits issued (in millions)		350		380		439		224		444		448		403		448		421		449
Water	\$ 8,818	3,474	\$17,8	360,182	\$22,1	19,768	\$ 28	3,034,913	\$ 9	9,829,004	\$ 9	9,579,435	\$	9,380,287	\$13,0	696,549	\$15,79	8,847	\$43	362,675
Consumers																				
New connections	3	8,778		3,727		3,735		3,780		3,765		3,773		3,771		3,762		3,776		3,798
Water mains breaks		9		20		27		10		19		8		4		2		5		22
Average daily consumption (thousands of gallons)		13		13		4		8		4		5		6		6		3		11
Maximum daily capacity (thousands of gallons)		612		612		569		586		576		571		625		616		615		610
User charge per thousand gallons	2	2,200		4,320		4,320		4,320		4,320		4,320		4,320		4,320		4,320		4,320
Sewer	\$	3.85	\$	4.18	\$	4.54	\$	4.92	\$	4.92	\$	4.92	\$	4.92	\$	4.92	\$	4.92	\$	5.07
Average daily treatment flow (thousands of gallons)																				
User charge per thousand gallons	1	,012		1,012		1,012		1,012		1,022		1,048		1,102		1,084		1,082		1,074
	\$	4.85	\$	5.31	\$	5.81	Ś	6.36	Ś	6.55	Ś	6.75	Ś	6.95	Ś	7.16	Ś	7.37	Ś	7.60

* The City contracts for its police services. Source: City of Mound

Table 17

City of Mound, Minnesota Statistical Section (Unaudited) Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

Function	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Public Safety										
Fire										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works										
Highways and streets										
Streets (miles)	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41	41
Streets rehabilitated	2.8	0.65	4	1.5	0	1.3	0	0.5	0.5	3.2
Sidewalks (miles)	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Street lights	540	541	541	541	541	541	541	541	541	541
Traffic signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture and Recreation										
Parks division										
Parks	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33	33
Parks acreage	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Basketball courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Softball diamonds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Swimming areas	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Tennis courts	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Volleyball courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Utilities										
Water										
Miles of water main	45	45	45	45	46	46	46	46	46	46
Miles of water main rehabilitated	1	1	4	0.84	-	1.20	-	0.50	1.00	0.27
Fire hydrants	414	414	415	416	420	420	420	420	420	420
Sewer										
Miles of sanitary sewer	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60	60
Miles of sanitary sewer rehabilitated	-	-	1	0.37	0.54	0.89	-	0.50	-	-
Lift stations	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30
Storm sewer										
Miles of storm sewer	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8
Parking System										
Off-street parking										
Off street lots	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Off street leased spaces	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

(1) Table added for 2006 and will be updated on a go-forward basis

Source: City of Mound

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government function.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

CITY OF MOUND MOUND, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

City of Mound, Minnesota Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Comparative Schedules by Source December 31, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	 2022
Governmental Funds Capital Assets		
Land	\$ 198,366	\$ 198,366
Buildings and structures	12,065,185	11,988,250
Improvements other than buildings	2,870,151	2,456,163
Furniture and equipment	5,283,678	4,735,922
Infrastructure	31,122,920	31,002,688
Construction in progress	 777,530	 624,889
Total Governmental Funds Capital Assets	\$ 52,317,830	\$ 51,006,278
Investments in Governmental Funds Capital Assets by Source		
General and special revenue funds	\$ 20,444,666	\$ 19,378,701
Capital projects funds	31,873,164	31,627,577
Total Investments in Governmental		
Funds Capital Assets by Source	\$ 52,317,830	\$ 51,006,278

City of Mound, Minnesota Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule by Function December 31, 2023

	Total	Land	Buildings and Structures	Improvements Other Than Buildings	Furniture and Equipment	Infrastructure
Governmental Capital Assets						
General government	\$ 870,914	\$ 159,366	\$ 411,572	\$ 141,781	\$ 138,959	19,236.00
Public safety	8,761,618	-	5,957,190	-	2,804,428	-
Public works	37,454,662	-	5,602,904	1,033,346	1,536,393	29,282,019
Culture and recreation	2,639,491	39,000	93,519	1,695,024	803,898	8,050
Housing and economic development	1,813,615					1,813,615
Total Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 51,540,300	<u>\$ 198,366</u>	\$ 12,065,185	\$ 2,870,151	\$ 5,283,678	\$ 31,122,920

City of Mound, Minnesota Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Funds Schedule of Changes by Function For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Governmental Capital Assets January 1	Additions	Deductions	Governmental Capital Assets December 31
Governmental Capital Assets				
General government	\$ 846,397	\$ 65,048	\$ (40,531)	\$ 870,914
Public safety	8,198,677	768,523	(205,582)	8,761,618
Public works	37,346,365	133,366	(25,069)	37,454,662
Culture and recreation	2,176,335	488,460	(25,304)	2,639,491
Housing and economic development	1,813,615			1,813,615
Total Governmental				
Capital Assets	\$ 50,381,389	\$ 1,455,397	\$ (296,486)	\$ 51,540,300

City of Mound, Minnesota Schedule of Sources and Uses of Public Funds For Redevelopment Tax Increment Financing District No. 1-3 For the Year Ended December 31, 2023

		Accounted		
	Original	for in	Current	Amount
	Budget	Prior Years	Year	Remaining
Source of Funds				
Tax increment revenue	\$ 35,000,000	\$ 2,670,550	\$ 200,033	\$ 32,129,417
Interest on invested funds	-	211,541	-	(211,541)
Proceeds from sale of bonds	-	13,816,359	-	(13,816,359)
State contributions	-	2,020,017	-	(2,020,017)
Other	-	40,575	-	(40,575)
Transfer in	-	2,429,003	-	(2,429,003)
Premium on bonds issued		89,781		(89,781)
Total Source of Funds	35,000,000	21,277,826	200,033	13,522,141
Use of Funds				
Land acquisition	7,000,000	1,762,430	-	5,237,570
Site improvements	7,000,000	3,666,765	-	3,333,235
Public utilities	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Parking facilities	500,000	-	-	500,000
Streets and sidewalks	500,000	-	-	500,000
Other public improvements	4,000,000	235,674	1,102	3,763,224
Loan payments		·		
Principal	-	12,255,000	130,000	(12,385,000)
Interest and other	13,385,405	2,402,507	56,585	10,926,313
Total Use of Funds	33,385,405	20,322,376	187,687	12,875,342
Funds Remaining	\$ 1,614,595	<u>\$ 955,450</u>	\$ 12,346	\$ 646,799